

**Technical Memorandum
Terra Ceia Bay Benthic Monitoring
1998**

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**Prepared For:
Tampa Bay Estuary Program
Manatee County Department of Environmental Management**

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INTRODUCTION

Benthic samples have been collected from Terra Ceia Bay since 1993 as part of the Bay-wide Benthic Monitoring Program for Tampa Bay (Tampa Bay National Estuary Program 1996). Objectives of this sampling program are to discern the "health" of the benthic habitat of the various segments of Tampa Bay—as well as Tampa Bay as a whole. This is to be accomplished by developing and implementing a Benthic Index for Tampa Bay, assessing sediment quality using two sediment quality assessment guidelines (SQAGs), and evaluating the dissolved oxygen status of near-bottom waters. These measures are then to be summarized as cumulative distribution functions (CDFs) to estimate the areal extents of "healthy", "marginal", and "degraded" (or "subnominal") benthic habitats in Tampa Bay.

This technical memorandum summarizes the status of the benthic assemblages of Terra Ceia Bay for 1998. Data from 1993 through 1997 are summarized in Grabe *et al.* (1996), Karlen & Grabe (1996), and Grabe (1998).

METHODS

Field Collection and Laboratory Procedures: A total of 8 stations (Figure 1) were sampled during September 1998 (Figure 1). Sampling coordinates were randomly selected from computer generated coordinates for the 1993 event and resampled every year. Benthic samples were collected using a Young grab sampler following the field protocols outlined in Courtney *et. al.* (1993). Laboratory procedures followed the protocols set forth in Courtney *et. al.* (1995).

Data Analysis: Numerical dominants were determined by calculating a "dominance" index: $[(\% \text{ total abundance}) * (\% \text{ occurrence})]^{0.5}$. Descriptive statistics, the Tampa Bay Benthic Index (TBBI) (Coastal Environmental, 1995), multiple regression analysis, and graphs for hydrographic and biological data were generated using SYSTAT 10.0. (SSPS Inc., 2000). TBBI "cutoff" points were TBBI<13.5 for "degraded" habitat and >=20.38 for "healthy"; these demarcations are preliminary and are based upon data collected through 1996 (EPCHC, unpublished data.)

RESULTS

Hydrographic: Table 1 and Figure 2 summarize selected physical and hydrographic variables for the stations sampled during 1998. Two salinity strata were represented in Terra Ceia Bay during 1998: high mesohaline (18-30 ppt) and polyhaline (>30 ppt) (Figure 3). Salinities were generally higher during 1998 than during any of the prior years (Figure 3). Near-bottom dissolved oxygen concentrations were >5 ppm (Figure 2).

Benthic Community: Table 2 summarizes selected benthic community measures for the 1998 Terra Ceia Bay samples. At least 167 taxa were identified from these 8 samples (Appendix I). Based upon the current, *preliminary* criteria, “marginal” benthic habitat predominated in Terra Ceia Bay during 1998 (Figure 4). Dominant taxa during the 1998 survey included the amphipod *Ampelisca holmesi*, several bivalve mollusks, and tubificid oligochaetes (Table 3).

Comparison of 1993-1998 data did not reveal any clear long-term trends (Figure 5). When biotic variables were partitioned by salinity strata (Figure 6) there were no apparent trends over time. The TBBI did appear to be associated with both dissolved oxygen and sample depth, but not with salinity or the silt+clay content of the sediments (Figure 7).

DISCUSSION

During 1998, salinities in Terra Ceia Bay were markedly higher than in prior years. The benthic assemblages observed in Terra Ceia Bay during 1998 were generally of “marginal” quality, as defined by the current, *preliminary*, TBBI criteria. Long-term trends in the biotic variables were not apparent, although more rigorous analysis is warranted. The TBBI did appear to increase with increasing dissolved oxygen concentration and decreasing sample depth. Neither salinity nor the silt+clay content of the sediments, variables which are major factors in structuring estuarine benthic communities, appeared to be key variables in Terra Ceia Bay.

CONCLUSIONS

The benthic assemblages within Terra Ceia Bay during 1998 were generally of "marginal" quality. The salinity within Terra Ceia Bay was generally higher than prior years. Dissolved oxygen and sample depths were factors which may be more important in controlling benthic community structure in Terra Ceia Bay than salinity and sediment characteristics. Long-term trends should be evaluated more rigorously incorporating data on sediment contaminants, species composition and abundance, and the measured physico-chemical variables.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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REFERENCES CITED

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**Table 1. Summary of Terra Ceia Bay Hydrographic Variables:
September 1998 (1993-1998)**

A. Surface

| | Temperature (° C) | Salinity (ppt) | Dissolved Oxygen (ppm) | pH (units) |
|----------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Minimum | 28.0 (25.8) | 28.0 (5.1) | 5.85 (4.40) | 7.70 (7.59) |
| Maximum | 30.0 (30.1) | 33.0 (33.0) | 6.85 (9.00) | 8.20 (8.75) |
| Median | 29.2 (28.0) | 31.0 (17.4) | 6.35 (6.20) | 7.90 (8.10) |
| Mean | 29.1 (28.1) | 30.6 (18.4) | 6.33 (6.16) | 7.92 (8.10) |

B. Bottom

| | Depth (m) | Temperature (° C) | Salinity (ppt) | Dissolved Oxygen (ppm) | pH (units) |
|----------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| Minimum | 1.0 (0.6) | 28.0 (25.1) | 28.0 (10.5) | 6.00 (3.30) | 7.70 (7.58) |
| Maximum | 3.7 (4.0) | 30.0 (30.0) | 33.0 (33.0) | 6.95 (8.70) | 8.20 (8.33) |
| Median | 2.0 (1.8) | 29.0 (28.0) | 31.0 (18.0) | 6.42 (5.75) | 7.88 (8.10) |
| Mean | 2.2 (2.0) | 28.8 (27.8) | 30.8 (19.8) | 6.48 (5.82) | 7.91 (8.02) |

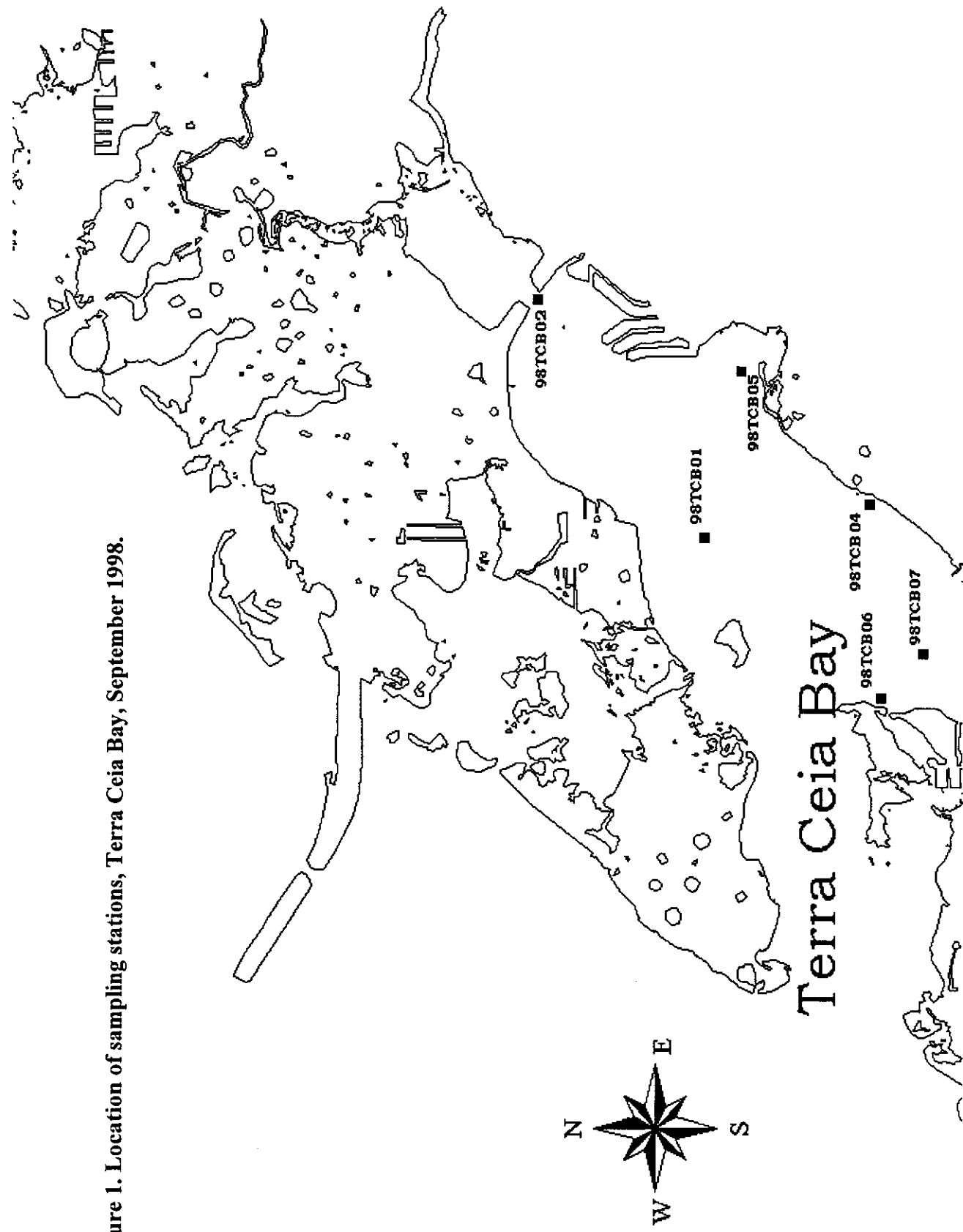
Table 2. Summary of Terra Ceia Bay Benthic Community Variables: September 1998 (1993-1998)

| | Abundance (#/m ²) | Species Richness (S) | Diversity (H') | TBBI |
|----------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Minimum | 425 (425) | 14 (11) | 2.59 (1.22) | 13.03 (3.16) |
| Maximum | 13375 (15275) | 96 (96) | 3.54 (5.13) | 18.76 (30.26) |
| Median | 2838 (4550) | 33 (35) | 2.91 (3.84) | 16.39 (21.350) |
| Mean | 4225 (5624) | 39 (39) | 2.94 (3.76) | 16.35 (20.28) |

Table 3. Terra Ceia Bay Dominant Benthic Taxa: September 1998

| Rank | Taxa | Abundance (#/m ²) | % Abundance | % Frequency | Dominance Score |
|------|--|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 1 | <i>Ampelisca holmesi</i> (Amphipoda) | 2150 | 6.36 | 100.0 | 25.2 |
| 2 | <i>Mysella planulata</i> (Bivalvia) | 1200 | 3.55 | 87.5 | 17.6 |
| 3 | <i>Tubificidae</i> (Oligochaeta) | 1250 | 3.70 | 75.0 | 16.6 |
| 4 | <i>Crassostrea virginica</i> (Bivalvia) | 3425 | 10.13 | 12.5 | 11.2 |
| 5 | <i>Parastarte triquetra</i> (Bivalvia) | 1675 | 4.96 | 25.0 | 11.1 |
| 6 | <i>Parapionospio pinnata</i> (Polychaeta) | 650 | 1.92 | 62.5 | 11.0 |
| 7 | <i>Mulinia lateralis</i> (Bivalvia) | 550 | 1.63 | 62.5 | 10.1 |
| 8 | <i>Asthenothaerus hemphilli</i> (Bivalvia) | 450 | 1.33 | 75.0 | 10.0 |
| 9 | <i>Fabricinuda trilobata</i> (Polychaeta) | 650 | 1.92 | 50.0 | 9.8 |
| 10 | <i>Tagelus divisus</i> (Bivalvia) | 425 | 1.26 | 62.5 | 8.9 |

Figure 1. Location of sampling stations, Terra Ceia Bay, September 1998.



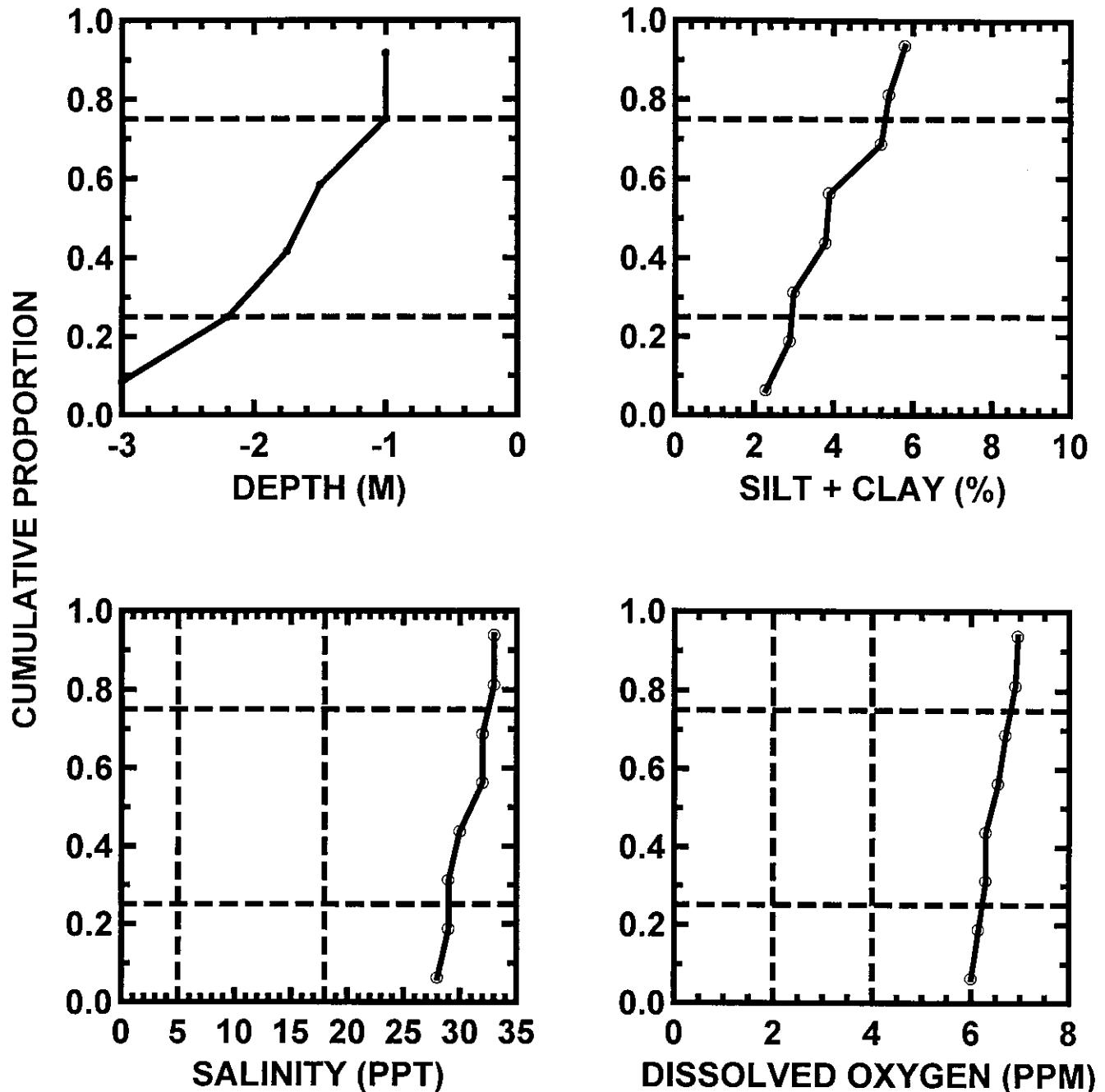


Figure 2. Cumulative distribution of sample depth, % silt+clay, near-bottom salinity, and dissolved oxygen: Terra Ceia Bay, 1998.

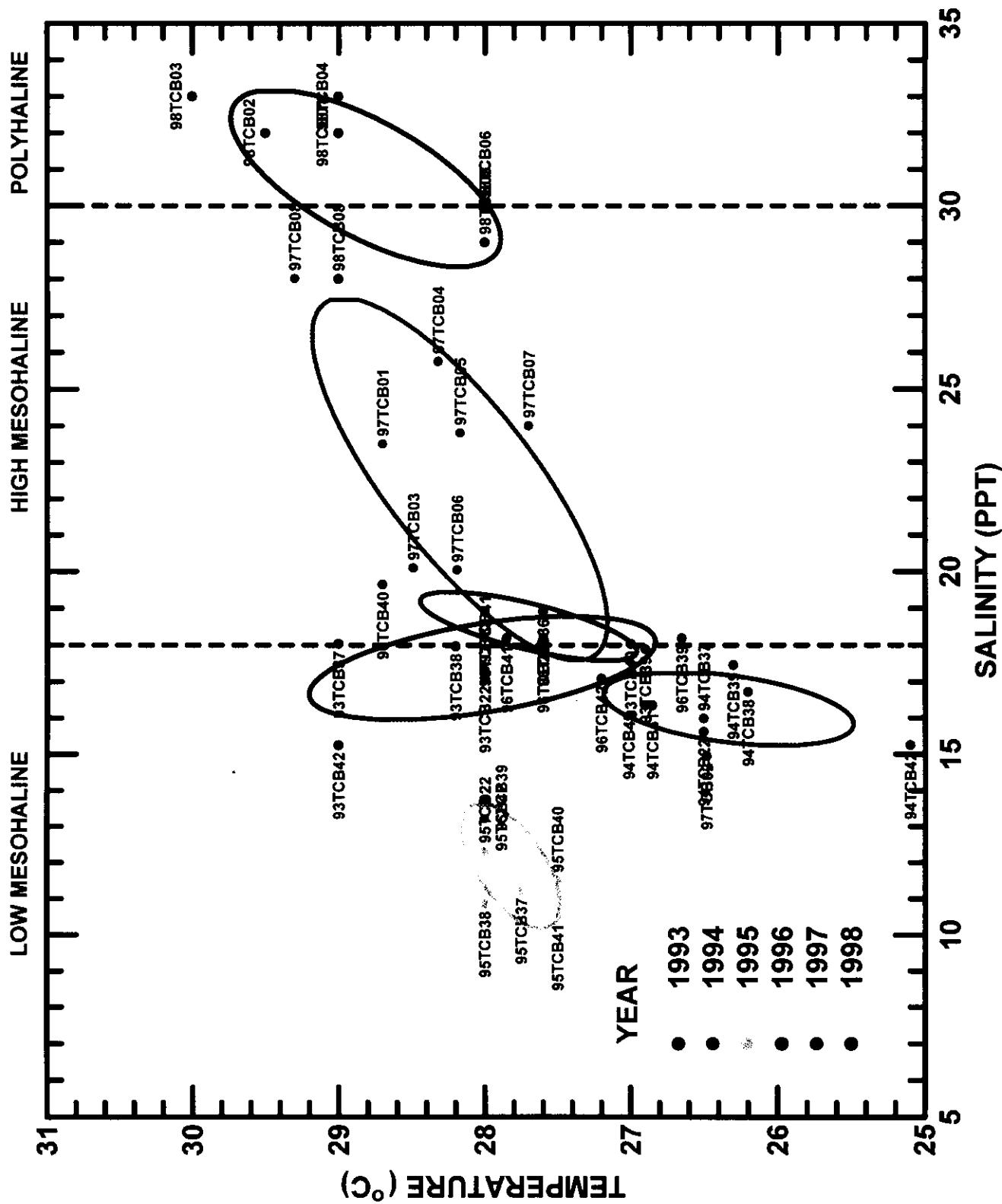


Figure 3. Temperature-salinity plot of stations sampled for benthos, Terra Ceia Bay, 1993-1998.

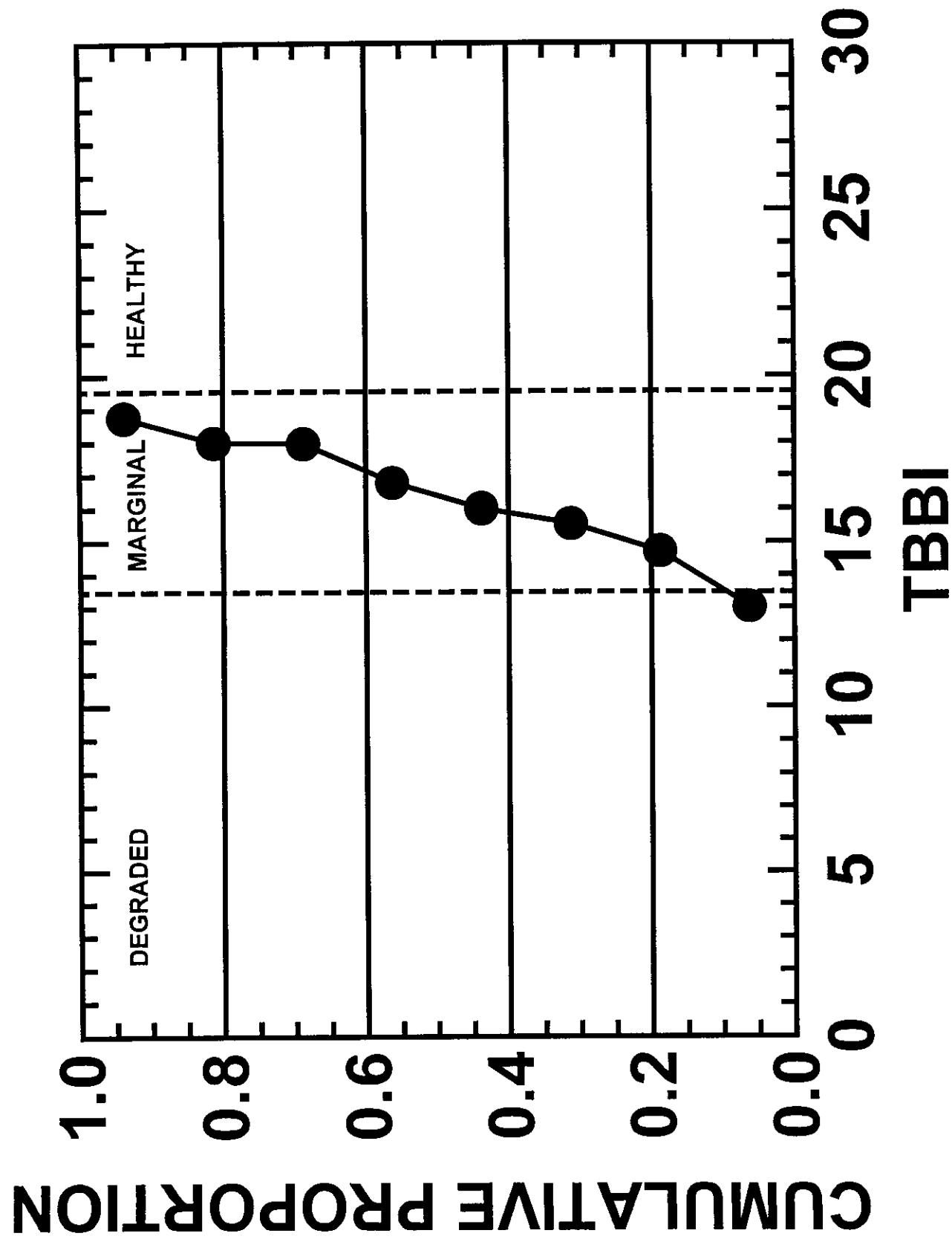


Figure 4. Cumulative distribution plot: TBBI, Terra Ceia Bay 1998.

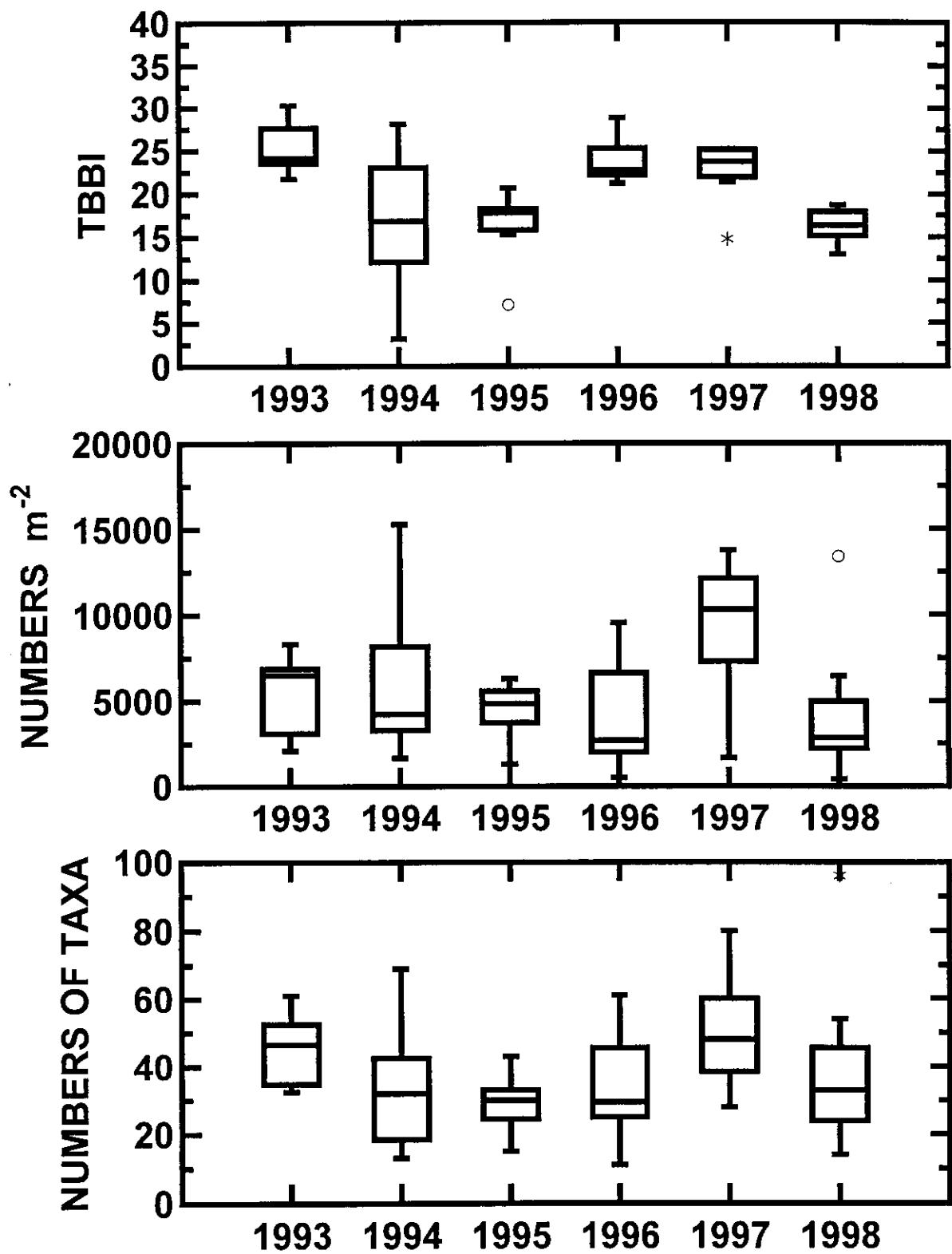


Figure 5. Box plots depicting median and quartile distribution of numbers taxa, total abundance, and the TBBI. Terra Ceia Bay benthos, 1993-1998.

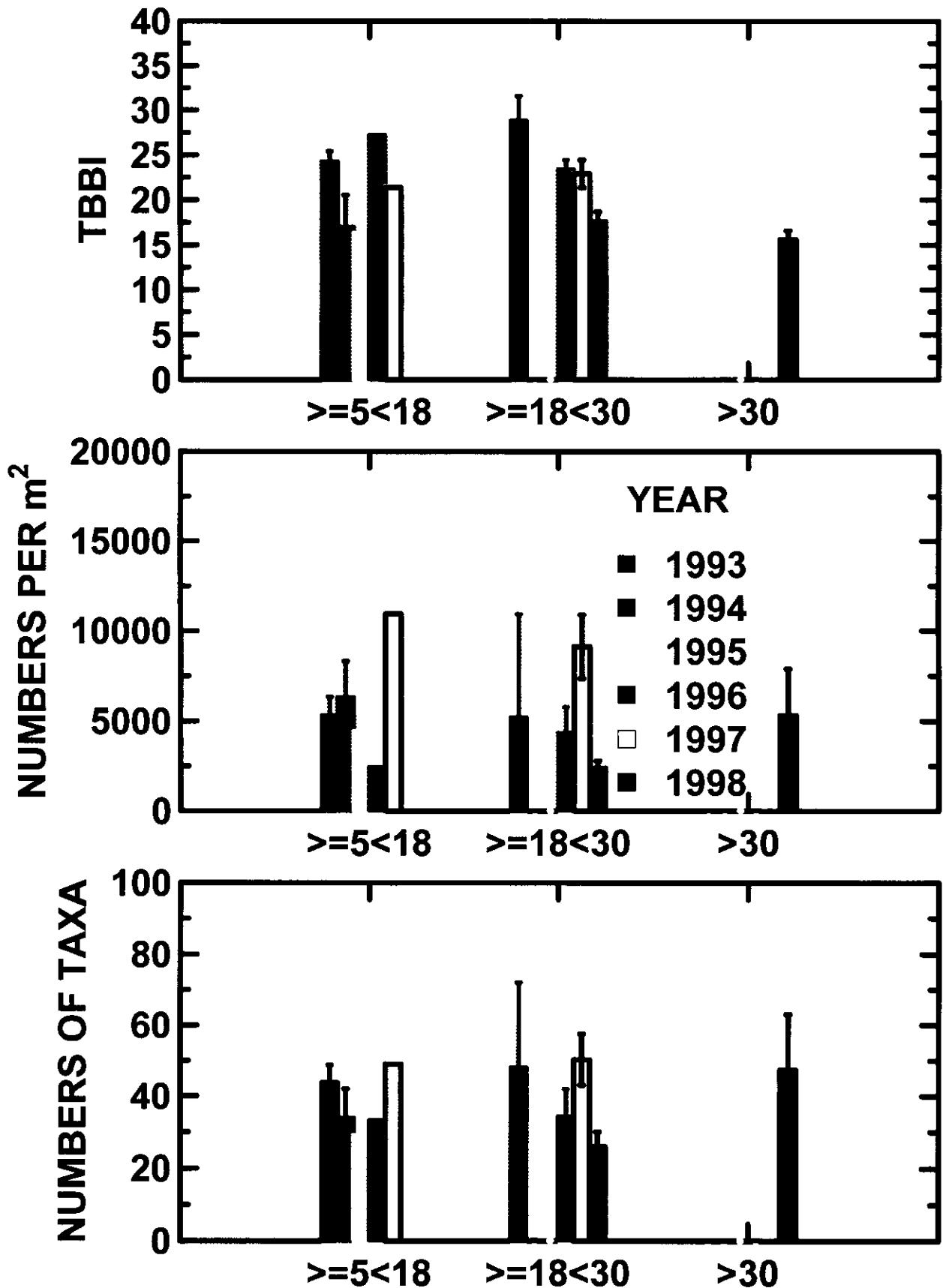


Figure 6. Mean (standard error) numbers of taxa, total abundance, and TBBI, by salinity strata and year. Terra Ceia Bay benthos, 1993-1998.

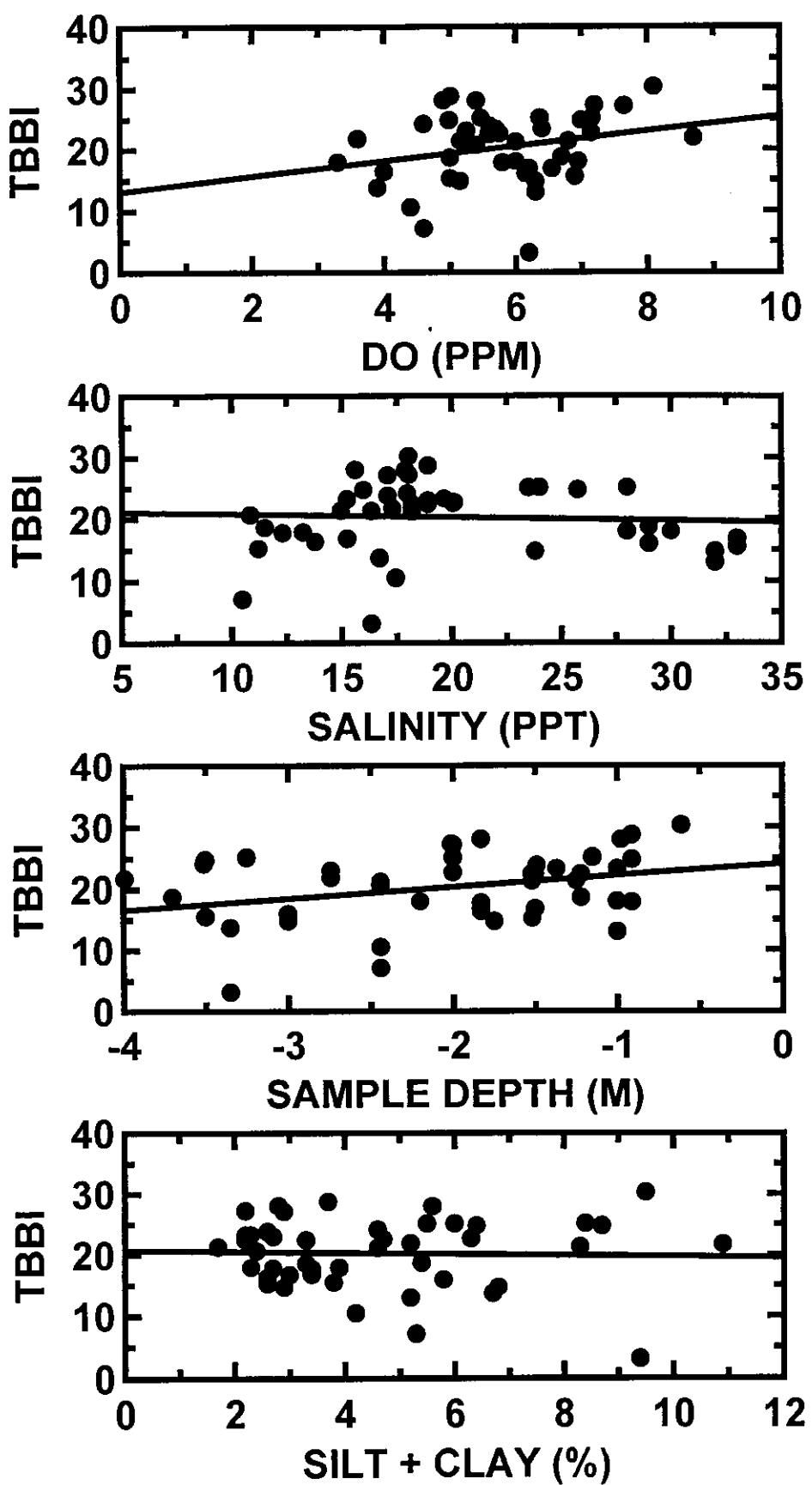


Figure 7. Scatterplots of the association between dissolved oxygen, salinity, sample depth, % silt+clay and the TBBI. Terra Ceia Bay benthos, 1993-1998.

APPENDIX I
ABUNDANCE (#/m²) OF BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATES:
TERRA CEIA BAY 1998

| NAME | 98TCB01 | 98TCB02 | 98TCB03 | 98TCB04 | 98TCB05 | 98TCB06 | 98TCB07 | 98TCB08 |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| HYDROZOA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Thenaria | 0 | 0 | 300 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Turbellaria | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 75 | 0 |
| Turbellaria A | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 |
| Nemertea sp. | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nemertea F | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| Nemertea A | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 |
| Nemertea J | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 |
| Harmothoe sp. | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Malmgreniella macraryae | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Malmgreniella taylori | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Eteone heteropoda | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Phyllodoce arenae | 0 | 0 | 125 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ophiodromus obscura | 0 | 0 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Podarkeopsis levifuscina | 0 | 0 | 75 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sigambra bassi | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Synelmis ewingi | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SYLLIDAE | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pionosyllis sp. | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Syllis B | 0 | 0 | 200 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Syllis (Typosyllis) tortugaensis | 0 | 0 | 125 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Exogone dispar | 0 | 0 | 625 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grubeosyllis clavata | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Brania wellfleetensis | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Laeonereis culveri | 0 | 125 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Glycera americana | 25 | 50 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Glycinde solitaria | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 25 |
| Goniadides caroliniae | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ONUPHIDAE | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Diopatra cuprea | 0 | 150 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kinbergonuphis simoni | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Lumbrineris verrilli | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Scoloplos rubra | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Aricidea philbinae | 0 | 175 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aricidea taylori | 150 | 25 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aricidea allisdari | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cirrophorus sp. | 0 | 0 | 300 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dipolydora socialis | 0 | 0 | 350 | 0 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Polydora cornuta | 0 | 25 | 125 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Prionospio heterobranchia | 25 | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Aporprionospio pygmaea | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Prionospio perkinsi | 175 | 0 | 150 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spio pectiniferae | 0 | 0 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Paraprionospio pinnata | 175 | 75 | 0 | 125 | 175 | 0 | 100 | 0 |
| Streblospio spp. | 0 | 1150 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Carazziella hobsonae | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Magelona pectiniferae | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Spiochaetopterus costarum | 0 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spiochaetopterus oculatus | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| CIRRATULIDAE | 0 | 0 | 125 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Caulieriella cf0alata | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Monticellina dorsobranchialis | 450 | 150 | 125 | 50 | 100 | 0 | 275 | 0 |
| Chaetozone sp. | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dodecaceria sp. | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Capitella capitata | 0 | 175 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Heteromastus filiformis | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Notomastus americanus | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mediomastus sp. | 100 | 25 | 200 | 0 | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| Mediomastus ambiseta | 0 | 0 | 0 | 125 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mediomastus californiensis | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| MALDANIDAE | 0 | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sabaco americanus | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sabellaria A | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Augeneriella hummelincki | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pectinaria gouldii | 0 | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hobsonia florida | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

APPENDIX I (CONTINUED)
ABUNDANCE (#/m²) OF BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATES:
TERRA CEIA BAY 1998

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|------|------|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|
| <i>Melinna cristata</i> | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Isolda pulchella</i> | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Chone cfOamericana</i> | 25 | 0 | 400 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 |
| <i>Megalomma pigmentum</i> | 0 | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 |
| <i>Pseudopotamilla cfOreniformis</i> | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Fabricinuda trilobata</i> | 0 | 25 | 575 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| <i>Oriopsis sp.</i> | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Hydroides sp.</i> | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Hydroides dianthus</i> | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ENCHYTRAEIDAE | 0 | 0 | 150 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TUBIFICIDAE | 0 | 425 | 475 | 175 | 25 | 0 | 125 | 25 |
| <i>Tubificoides browniae</i> | 50 | 225 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Tubificoides wasselli</i> | 375 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Tectidrilus squalidus</i> | 0 | 0 | 425 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GASTROPODA | 50 | 100 | 150 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 50 |
| <i>Schwartzziella catesbyana</i> | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Teinostoma biscaynense</i> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 75 | 0 |
| <i>Caecum strigosum</i> | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Bittium varium</i> | 0 | 0 | 350 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 |
| <i>Cerithium atratum</i> | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Cerithium ebureum</i> | 0 | 0 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Melanella jamaicensis</i> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 |
| <i>Microeulima hemphilli</i> | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Crepidula sp.</i> | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Crepidula plana</i> | 0 | 0 | 250 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Crepidula aculeata</i> | 0 | 0 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Tectonatica pusilla</i> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Astrya lunulata</i> | 0 | 25 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 |
| <i>Nassarius vibex</i> | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Olivella sp.</i> | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Jaspidella blanesi</i> | 50 | 0 | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Olivella pusilla</i> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| <i>Granulina hadria</i> | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Prunum apicinum</i> | 0 | 50 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| <i>Kurtziella atrostyla</i> | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Turbanilla sp.</i> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Turbanilla conradi</i> | 0 | 25 | 0 | 50 | 125 | 0 | 100 | 0 |
| <i>Turbanilla cfOdalli</i> | 25 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Turbanilla textilis</i> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Eulimastoma sp.</i> | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 |
| <i>Boonea impressa</i> | 0 | 0 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Rictaxis punctostriatus</i> | 0 | 100 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Actaecina canaliculata</i> | 50 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 250 |
| <i>Haminoea succinea</i> | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 125 |
| <i>Nucula crenulata</i> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 175 | 0 | 25 | 50 | 0 |
| <i>Anadara transversa</i> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| MYTILIDAE | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Brachidontes exustus</i> | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Lioberus castaneus</i> | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Parvilucina multilineata</i> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Crassostrea virginica</i> | 0 | 0 | 3425 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Diploponta semiaspera</i> | 50 | 0 | 50 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Orobitella floridana</i> | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 150 | 0 |
| <i>Mysella planulata</i> | 50 | 75 | 25 | 250 | 50 | 0 | 75 | 675 |
| <i>Erycina floridana</i> | 50 | 50 | 0 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Laevicardium mortoni</i> | 0 | 25 | 25 | 50 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 100 |
| <i>Mulinia lateralis</i> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 200 | 25 | 250 | 25 |
| <i>Ensis minor</i> | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Macoma tenta</i> | 25 | 25 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 |
| <i>Tellina sp.</i> | 25 | 0 | 100 | 200 | 0 | 0 | 75 | 0 |
| <i>Tellina versicolor</i> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 75 | 0 |
| <i>Tagelus divisus</i> | 250 | 0 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 0 | 100 | 0 |
| <i>Abra aequalis</i> | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Parastarte triquetra</i> | 0 | 1650 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| <i>Sphonia antillensis</i> | 0 | 0 | 250 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Lyonsia floridana</i> | 0 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>Asthenothaerus hemphilli</i> | 75 | 25 | 125 | 0 | 175 | 0 | 50 | 0 |
| <i>Oxyurostylis spp.</i> | 25 | 0 | 0 | 150 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |

APPENDIX I (CONTINUED)
ABUNDANCE (#/m²) OF BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATES:
TERRA CEIA BAY 1998

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|----|-----|-----|
| Oxyurostylis smithi | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 125 | 0 | 125 | 25 |
| Cyclaspis cfovanans | 25 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 125 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Kallipseudes sp0A | 125 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 25 | 0 | 50 | 0 |
| Leptochelia sp. | 0 | 0 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Amakusanthera magnifica | 0 | 0 | 150 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 25 |
| Paracerceis caudata | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Serolis mgrayi | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Edotia triloba | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ampelisca abdita | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Ampelisca vadorum | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ampelisca holmesi | 25 | 175 | 75 | 1050 | 50 | 25 | 275 | 475 |
| Ampelisca sp0C | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| Ampelisca abdita/vadorum | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| AMPHILOCIDAE | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rudilemboides naglei | 75 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Colomastix sp. | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cerapus spp. | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cerapus sp0C ("tubularis") | 25 | 0 | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 125 | 0 |
| Monocorophium acherusicum | 0 | 0 | 225 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Laticorophium cf0baconi | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Erichthonius brasiliensis | 0 | 25 | 150 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Grandidierella bonnieroides | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Listriella barnardi | 0 | 25 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Eudevenopus honduranus | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| CARIDEA | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ALPHEIDAE | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ambidexter symmetricus | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Pagurus sp. | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pagurus stimpsoni | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pagurus maclaughlinae | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| PORCELLANIDAE | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pelia mutica | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Panopeus sp. | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rhithropanopeus harrisii | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pilumnus caribaeus | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pinnixa spp. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 125 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Phoronis ?architecta | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 175 |
| Phoronis A | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| BRYOZOA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Glottidia pyramidata | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 75 |
| OPHIUROIDEA | 25 | 25 | 25 | 0 | 125 | 0 | 50 | 50 |
| Amphipholis squamata | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Amphioplus thrombodes | 25 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Amphioplus sepultus | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Amphipholis atra | 50 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 175 | 0 |
| Melitta tenuis | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| HOLOTHUROIDEA | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Holothuroidea sp0E | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 |
| Branchiostoma floridae | 25 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 25 | 25 | 0 | 50 |