# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION COMMISSION OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY

### COMMISSIONER'S BOARD ROOM OCTOBER 19, 2000 10 A.M. – 12 NOON

#### **AGENDA**

I.	PUBLIC HEARINGS	
	<ul><li>A. Consider Amendments to Chapter 1-3 (Air Rule)</li><li>B. Consider Amendments to Chapter 1-10 (Noise Rule)</li></ul>	1 6
II.	CITIZEN'S COMMENTS	
III.	CITIZEN'S ENVIRONMENTAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE	
	Items of Interest	
IV.	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S COMMENTS	
	Presentation – EPC Goals and Objectives .	12
v.	CONSENT AGENDA	
	<ul> <li>A. Approval of Minutes: None</li> <li>B. Monthly Activity Reports</li> <li>C. Legal Department Monthly Report</li> <li>D. Pollution Recovery Trust Fund</li> <li>E. Gardinier Settlement Trust Fund</li> </ul>	19 28 32 33
VI.	WATER MANAGEMENT DIVISION	
	A. Update on Lake Grady     B. Staff Report on Sinkhole Plugging	34

Any person who might wish to appeal any decision made by the Environmental Protection Commission regarding any matter considered at the forthcoming public hearing or meeting is hereby advised that they will need a record of the proceedings, and for such purpose they may need to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceedings is made which will include the testimony and evidence upon which such appeal is to be based.

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#### **AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET**

**Date:** October 19, 2000

Agenda Item: Public Hearing of EPC Rule Chapter 1-3 Amendments.

#### **Description/Summary:**

Under EPC's Specific Operating Agreement with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, the Commission is to consider changes annually in the local rule to remain current and consistent with those state regulations referenced. The proposed amendments to Chapter 1-3, Stationary Air Pollution Source and Ambient Air Quality Standards Rule, are for the purpose of updating the rule to maintain consistency with the Florida Administrative Code, and to correct references to state rules in section 1-3.63. It is basically administrative in nature and does not impose any additional restrictions.

The draft amendments were made available to industry by letter on September 6, 2000. Their comments were solicited but none were received. The amendments were also taken before CEAC and were unanimously approved. Announcement of the public hearing to amend the rule was published at least 10 days prior to the scheduled hearing date, as required by Chapter 84-446, Laws of Florida.

#### **Commission Action Recommended:**

Consider and approve the amendments to Chapter 1-3, Rules of the Commission.

#### **Commission Action Taken:**

1		RULES OF THE	52	1-3.10 STATEMENT OF INTENT
2	ENVIRO	NMENTAL PROTECTION	53	1. The Commission promulgates this rule
3	Livino	COMMISSION	54	for the purpose of implementing the intent of the
4	OF HIL	LSBOROUGH COUNTY	55	Florida Legislature as declared in Chapter 84-
5		EDDORO COM COCIVIT	56	446, Laws of Florida, as amended or recodified
6		CHAPTER 1-3	57	(Act), to insure the atmospheric purity and
7	STATIO	NARY AIR POLLUTION	58	freedom of the air of Hillsborough County from
8		ND AMBIENT AIR QUALITY	59	contaminants or synergistic agents injurious to
9	5001102511	STANDARDS	60	human, plant, or animal life, which
10		~	61	unreasonably interfere with comfortable
11	PART 1		62	enjoyment of life or property or the conduct of
12	1-3.10	Statement of Intent	63	business. In so doing, the Commission
13	1-3.11	Declarations of Legislative	64	recognizes that the Florida Department of
14	1 0111	Findings	65	Environmental Protection has environmental
15	1-3.12	Definitions	66	regulatory and enforcement authority pursuant
16	1 0112		67	to Chapter 403, Florida Statutes. It is the intent
17	PART 2		68	
	1-3.20	Circumvention Prohibited	69	the Department's permitting rules and emission
	1-3.21	Permits Required	70	limits in Hillsborough County, except as may be
	1-3.22	Prohibitions	71	otherwise provided herein, so as to further the
21	1-3.23	Necessary Precautions	72	policies of preventing significant deterioration,
22	1-3.24	Public Notification	73	protecting air quality existing at the time the
23	1-3.25	Excess Emissions	74	Department adopted its standards, and of
24	_ •		75	upgrading or enhancing air quality. Where a
25	PART 3		76	new or increased source of air pollution poses a
	1-3.30	Ambient Air Quality Standards	77	possibility of degrading existing high air quality
	1-3.31	(Reserved)	78	or ambient air quality established by this rule,
	1-3.32	Designation of Air Pollution	79	the Director shall not recommend issuance of a
29		Status of Area	80	Department permit for such source or proposed
30			81	source until he has received reasonable
31	PART 4	(Reserved)	82	assurance that such source, construction or
32			83	development will not violate this rule.
33	PART 5		84	2. Standards and provisions of the
34	1-3.50	New Source Review	85	Department, as here adopted, are incorporated in
35			86	the form existing on the date of adoption of this
36	PART 6		87	rule or relevant amendment.
37	1-3.60	Emission Limiting and	88	3. Department rules, as adopted herein and
38		Performance Standards	89	incorporated by reference, shall be interpreted
39	1-3.61	Particulate Emissions	90	consistently with official Department policy.
40	1-3.62	Visible Emissions	91	For purposes of this rule, official Department
41	1-3.63	Specific Source Emissions	92	policy shall include written policy statements
42			93	signed by the Secretary of the Department or
43	PART 7		94	his/her designee. Other documented
44	1-3.70	Source Sampling and	95	representations of Department policy may be
45		Monitoring	96	used in support of a policy interpretation, but
46			97	shall not themselves be official policy.
47	PART 8	(Reserved)	98	
48			99	1-3.11 DECLARATION OF
49			100	LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS
50			101	The Commission hereby finds that
51	PART 1		102	emissions into the atmosphere of Hillsborough

1 County in excess of, or contributing to an 2 exceedance of, the standards hereinafter provided may reasonably be expected to cause 4 air pollution prohibited by Section 17 of the Act. 5 The Commission also finds that emissions, 6 while in compliance with source specific 7 emission limiting standards may at times constitute nuisances as defined by Section 3(8) 9 and prohibited by Section 16 of the Act.

#### 1-3.12 **DEFINITIONS**

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- 12 1. Definitions contained in the Act, apply 13 to this rule.
- 2. With the exception of the definitions for 15 "Air Pollution," and "Particulate Matter," 16 definitions contained in Section 62-210.200, F.A.C., shall, to the extent applicable apply to this rule.
  - The following specific definitions shall 3. apply to this rule:
- "Director" shall mean the Director 22 of the Commission or his authorized agent.
- "Objectionable odor" shall mean 24 any odor present in the outdoor atmosphere 25 which by itself or in combination with other 26 odors, is or may be harmful or injurious to human health or welfare, or which creates a nuisance as defined by the Act.
- "Vapor-tight gasoline tank truck" (c) 30 shall mean a gasoline tank truck which has demonstrated within the 12 preceding months that its product delivery tank will sustain a pressure change of not more than 750 pascals (75mm of water) within 5 minutes after it is 34 pressurized to 4500 pascals (450mm of water). This capability is to be demonstrated using the pressure test procedure specified in EPA 38 Reference Method 27.

#### 40 PART 2

#### 1-3.20 CIRCUMVENTION PROHIBITED

No person shall circumvent any air pollution control device, or allow the emission of air pollutants without the applicable air pollution control device operating properly.

#### 46 1-3.21 PERMITS REQUIRED

47 No air pollution source may be 48 constructed, modified or operated 49 Hillsborough County without a valid permit as 50 may be required by the Department pursuant to 51 Chapters 62-210, 212, 213 and 214, F.A.C., 52 Chapter 62-17, F.A.C., or as may be otherwise 53 required by this rule.

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- Application for or renewal of a Department permit, or copy where appropriate, shall be submitted to the Director for his review pursuant to Department requirements and recommendation according to this Reasonable assurances shall be provided that all Department and Commission standards have or will be met by the applicant or the activity sought to be permitted. Activities under Citation at the time of application shall have the Citation resolved prior to the Director recommending approval of an application involving the same activity.
- 3. No air pollution source may constructed. modified operated in or Hillsborough County in violation of any conditions specified on the permit, whether issued by the Commission or by the Department, or certification authorizing the activity or as may be incorporated by reference within the conditions of the permit authorizing the activity. Violation of any such permit or certification condition is a violation of this rule.

#### 1-3.22 PROHIBITIONS

- No person may build, erect, construct, or implant any new source or operate, modify or re-build an existing source, or by any other means release or take action which would result in the release of air pollutants into the atmosphere of the County which will result in or contribute to, ambient air concentrations greater than ambient air quality standards as defined in this rule.
- No person shall cause, let, permit, suffer 2. or allow the discharge into the atmosphere of any pollutant from any source or activity in excess of emission standards herein established.
- No person shall cause, let, permit, suffer or allow the discharge into the atmosphere of any pollutant from any source or activity that causes or tends to cause or to contribute to an objectionable odor.

#### 1-3.23 NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS

No person shall store, pump, handle, process, load, unload or use in any process or installation volatile organic compounds or organic solvents without applying known and

existing vapor emission control devices or systems as may be necessary.

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#### 4 1-3.24 PUBLIC NOTIFICATION

- Pursuant to Chapter 62-110.106 F.A.C., a Notice of Proposed Agency Action on an application for an air pollution permit may require public notice in a newspaper of general 9 circulation by the applicant at the applicant's 10 expense. In such instance, the notice must be 11 published in a newspaper that meets the 12 definition described in 50.011 F.S.
- 13 Applicants shall give written notice to 14 each Neighborhood Organization registered with 15 the EPC, that lies within one mile of any proposed activity under consideration for a 17 construction permit. At the Director's 18 discretion, applicants may be directed to provide the same written notice to Neighborhood 20 Organizations further than one mile from the proposed activity and/or for activities to be covered by an operation permit. The EPC will provide the applicant with the affected Neighborhood Organization list, and within 10 25 days of receipt of this list, the applicant will provide the EPC written evidence that the 27 Neighborhood Organizations were notified. The 28 notice to the Neighborhood Organizations shall include a description of the air emission source, 30 the nature of the air emissions, the proposed 31 startup date and the name of a contact person at 32 the EPC for further information.
- 3. Applicants shall post a sign at the 34 location of any proposed activity under consideration for a construction permit. At the 36 Director's discretion, applicants may be directed 37 to post the same sign for activities to be covered 38 by an operation permit. The EPC will provide 39 the applicant with the sign. It must be posted 40 conspicuously on the property, so as to be readily viewable from the busiest adjacent public roadway. The applicant must pick up and post the sign within 15 days of submitting an application, and leave it posted on-site for no 45 less than 30 days.

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#### 47 1-3.25 EXCESS EMISSIONS

Excess emissions specifically allowed by Chapter 62-210, F.A.C., shall not be violations of this rule unless they are determined 51 to be nuisances. The Director may request

52 written verification that any such emissions fall 53 within the designated conditions.

54 Excess emissions which are caused 55 entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor 56 operation, or any other equipment or process 57 failure which may be reasonably prevented during start-up, shut down, or malfunction, are 59 prohibited. 60

#### PART 3

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#### 1-3.30 AMBIENT AIR QUALITY **STANDARDS**

- 1. Standards established in Chapter 62-204. F.A.C., are adopted and hereby incorporated by reference.
- Sampling and analysis of contaminants in this section shall be performed in accordance with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection "State-Wide Quality Assurance Plan, January 1985".

#### 1-3.32 DESIGNATION OF AIR POLLUTION STATUS OF AREA

Designations of Hillsborough County pursuant to Chapter 62-204, F.A.C. regarding the ambient standards of Section 1-3.30 above and Prevention of Significant Deterioration areas, are hereby adopted by reference.

#### PART 4 (Reserved)

#### PART 5

#### 1-3.50 NEW SOURCE REVIEW

Provisions contained in Chapter 62-212, F.A.C., pertinent to Hillsborough County, are adopted and hereby incorporated by reference.

PART 6

#### 1-3.60 EMISSION LIMITING AND PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

Provisions contained in Chapters 62-204 and 62-296, F.A.C., pertinent to Hillsborough County, are adopted and hereby incorporated by reference, except for Sections 296.320(4)(b)2. and 62-296.513(1)(c), F.A.C., and except as may be modified herein.

#### 101 1-3.61 PARTICULATE EMISSIONS

The particulate emission limits under 2 RACT in Sections 62-296.700 through 62-3 296.712, F.A.C., shall apply to all new and 4 existing emission units. In situations where the 5 particulate emission limits under RACT, 6 pursuant to Section 62-296.700, F.A.C., are less 7 restrictive than process weight limits pursuant to 8 Section 62-296.320, F.A.C., process weight 9 limits shall apply, except as provided in Section 10 62-296.700(3), F.A.C.

12 1-3.62 VISIBLE EMISSIONS

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Visible emissions in Hillsborough 14 County from a single source or combination of 15 sources sharing a common discharge point shall 16 not have an opacity greater than 20% except as 17 otherwise specifically provided in these rules. 18 The ability to comply with all other standards 19 does not relieve a source from this 20% opacity 20 standard.

#### 22 1-3.63 SPECIFIC SOURCE **EMISSIONS**

Emissions for the following specific 25 sources shall have the following limits in 26 Hillsborough County regardless of provisions 27 otherwise contained in this rule or in Chapters 28 62-200 62-204 through 62-297 F.A.C., unless 29 the provisions of Chapters 62-200 62-204 30 through 62-297, F.A.C, are more stringent.

- (a) sulfuric acid plants or plant sections 32 manufacturing sulfuric acid - 10% opacity except for a 30 minute period during plant startup, with opacity for such period allowed up to 35 40%.
  - (b) nitric acid plants producing weak nitric acid (50 to 70%) by pressure or atmospheric pressure process - no visible emissions.
  - (c) existing fossil fuel steam generators - sulfur dioxide emissions from liquid fuel shall be limited to 1.1 pounds per million BTU heat input.
- (d) fossil fuel steam generators visible 45 emissions are limited to 20% opacity except for 46 either one six-minute period per hour during which opacity shall not exceed 27 percent, or 48 one two minute period per hour during which opacity shall not exceed 40 percent. The option selected shall be specified in the emission unit's construction and operation permits.

(e) bulk gasoline terminals - loading of liquid product into gasoline tank trucks shall be limited to vapor-tight gasoline tank trucks.

#### 56 PART 7

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#### 57 1-3.70 SOURCE SAMPLING AND 58 **MONITORING**

59 Source sampling and monitoring shall 60 be performed in compliance with Department 61 and EPA requirements so as to determine as 62 accurately as possible actual operational 63 emissions.

#### PART 8 (Reserved)

- 68 Adopted 02/26/86
- 69 Amended 08/07/86 70 Amended 09/14/88
- 71 Amended 06/25/98
- 72 Amended 08/19/99

#### **AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET**

Date:

October 19, 2000

Agenda Item:

Public Hearing of EPC Rule Chapter 1-10 Amendments.

#### **Description/Summary:**

The proposed amendments to Chapter 1-10, Noise Rule, are for the purpose of providing consistency with the City of Tampa Noise Ordinance adopted November 18, 1999, and to update the rule. The amendments also add pumps and compressors to the standards under Section 1-10.03 C., clarify that cultural events are separate from festival events, and make motor vehicles, personal watercraft, sport shooting ranges, and amusement parks exempt from the rule.

The draft amendments were made available in a technical workshop held on September 21, 2000. One comment was received. The amendments were also taken before CEAC and were unanimously approved. Announcement of the public hearing to amend the rule was published at least 10 days prior to the scheduled hearing date, as required by Chapter 84-446, Laws of Florida.

#### **Commission Action Recommended:**

Consider and approve the amendments to Chapter 1-10, Rules of the Commission.

#### **Commission Action Taken:**

1		RULES OF THE	51	or caused by an emergency.
2	ENV	IRONMENTAL PROTECTION	52	7. Industrial Area Property - Any
3		COMMISSION	53	property which is used primarily for
4	0	F HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY	54	manufacturing, processing or an
5			55	airport.
6		CHAPTER 1-10	56	8. Noise - Any sound which annoys or
7		NOISE	57	disturbs humans or causes or tends to
8			58	cause an adverse psychological or
9	1-10.01	Definitions	59	physiological effect on humans.
10	1-10.02	Prohibitions	60	9. Noise <del>Disturbance</del> Nuisance-
11	1-10.03	Sound Level Limits	61	a. Sound which
12	1-10.04	<b>Exceptions to Sound Level Limits</b>	62	(1) is or may be harmful or
13	1-10.05	Motor Vehicles	63	injurious to the health or
14	1-10.06	Cultural Events	64	welfare of any person, or
15			65	(2) unreasonably interferes with
16	1-10.01	DEFINITIONS	66	the enjoyment of life, property
17	A. Defin	nitions contained in Chapter 84-446,	67	or outdoor recreation of a
18		Florida, as amended, apply to this rule.	68	reasonable person with normal
19		following specific definitions shall apply	69	sensitivities, or
20	to this rul		70	(3) is of such character and in
21			71	such quantity or level as to be
22	1.	Amusement Parks – Theme parks and	72	detectable by a considerable
23		amusement attractions as defined by	73	number of persons so as to
24		Florida Statutes, water parks, zoos and	74	interfere with their health,
25		aquariums and their related amenities	75	repose, or safety or to
26		and service areas.	76	cause severe annoyance or
27	2.	A-Weighted Sound Level - The sound	77	discomfort.
28		pressure level decibels as measured on	78	b. Sound which meets the
29		a sound level meter using the A-	79	definitions of Section 2,
30		weighting network. The level so read	80	Hillsborough County
31		is designated dBA.	81	Ordinance 84-4, as amended.
32	3.	Commercial Area Property - All	82	10. Octave Band - All of the components
33		property which is used primarily for	83	in a sound spectrum whose frequencies
34		the sale of merchandise or goods, or	84	are between two sine wave components
35		for the performances of a service, or for	85	separated by an octave.
36		office or clerical work.	86	11. Public Right-Of-Way - Any street,
37	4.	Decibel (dB) - The unit in which the	87	avenue, boulevard, highway, sidewalk
38		levels of various acoustical quantities	88	or alley or similar place normally
39		are expressed. Typical quantities so	89	accessible to the public which is owned
40		expressed are sound pressure level,	90	or controlled by a government entity.
41		noise level, and sound power level.	91	12. Public Space Any real property or
42	5.	Emergency - Any occurrence or set of	92	structures thereon normally accessible
43		circumstances involving actual or	93	to the public which is owned or
44		imminent physical trauma or property	94	controlled by a government utility.
45		damage which demands immediate	95	12. Real Property Line - An imaginary
46		action.	96	line along the ground surface, and its
47	6.	Emergency Work - Any work	97	vertical plane extension, which
48		performed for the purpose of	98	separates the real property owned,
49		preventing or alleviating the physical	99	rented or leased by one person from
50		trauma or property damage threatened	100	that owned, rented or leased by another

person, excluding intrabuilding real property divisions.

- 13. Residential Area Property All property on which people live and sleep, or parkland, or hospitals, or schools, or nursing homes or that which is not commercial or industrial or the individual plots within a mobile home park assigned by the owner of the park.
- 14. Sound An oscillation or alteration in pressure, stress, particle displacement, particle velocity or other physical parameter, in an elastic medium; or, an auditory sensation evoked by the alterations described above. The description of sound may include any characteristic of such sound, including duration, intensity and frequency.
- 15. Sound Level The weighted sound pressure level obtained by the use of a metering characteristic and weighting scale as specified in American National Standards Institute specifications for sound level meters ANSI S1.4-1983, or in successor publications. If the weighting employed is not indicated, the Aweighting shall apply.
- 16. Sound Level Meter A device used to measure sound pressure level, or weighted sound pressure level, or octave band sound pressure level, and this device is of Type 2 or better, as specified in the American National Standards Institute Publication S1.4-1983 or its successor publication.
- 17. Sound Pressure The instantaneous difference between the actual pressure and the average or barometric pressure at a given point in space, as produced by the presence of energy, which accompanies the passage of a sound wave.
- 18. Sound Pressure Level The sound pressure level of a sound is 20 times the logarithm to the base 10 of the ratio of the pressure of this sound to the reference pressure of 20 micropascals. The sound pressure level is expressed in decibels.

- 19. **Spectator Games** Competitive sports including, but not limited to baseball, football, soccer, ice hockey and similar athletic events performed for an audience.
- 20. Ybor City Entertainment District-Land area north of the right of way of the CSX rail line along 6<sup>th</sup> Avenue, west of 22nd Street, south of Palm Avenue, and east of Nuccio Parkway.
- 21. Cultural Event Any event drawing a large attendance for entertainment, amusement, enlightenment or recreation purposes, which in the determination of the Commission, has or is likely to become a community event integrated into accepted social practices or traditions.

#### 1-10.02 PROHIBITIONS

A. Noise Disturbance Nuisance Prohibited - No person shall make, continue or cause to be made or continued any noise disturbance nuisance. The generation or continuation of a noise disturbance nuisance upon a property following notice to that property's owner of the existence of a noise disturbance nuisance shall be deemed to continue with the permission of the property owner.

- B. Maximum Sound Levels For Receiving Land Use Sound levels which exceed the limits set forth in this rule for the receiving land when measured at or within the property line of the receiving land use are declared to be noise pollution as defined by Section 3(21) of Chapter 84-446, Laws of Florida.
- C. Commercial operation of motorized lawn, garden, or other outdoor maintenance equipment is prohibited between the hours of 10:00 P.M. and 7:00 A.M.

1	1-10.03 SOUNI	D LEVEL LIM	ITS	51
2	A. By Receiving	ng Land Use -		52
3		Table 1		53
4	Receiving Land		Sound Level	54
5	Use Category	Time	Limit, dBA	55
6	•			56
7	Residential,-	7 a.m10 p.m.	60	57
8	Public Space	10 p.m 7 a.m.	55	58
9				59
10	Commercial	7 a.m10 p.m.	65	60
11		10 p.m 7 a.m.	60	61
12				62
13	Industrial	At All Times	75	63
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- Octave Band Sound Level Limit In addition to the standards of 1-10.03A, for any source of sound which impacts on residential property or public-space, the maximum allowable sound level limit for the individual octave bands whose centers are 63, 125, 250 and 500 Hertz shall not exceed 65 dB.
- Air Conditioning and Air Handling Equipment, Pumps and Compressors - No person shall operate or cause to be operated any air conditioning or air-handling equipment, or any pumps and compressors, in such a manner as to exceed any of the following sound levels across a residential real property line at any time of the day or night:

#### Table II

33	Measurement	<b>Sound Level Limit</b>
34	Location	dBA
35		
36	Any point on neighboring	
37	property line	60
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39	Center of neighboring patio	55
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41	Outside the neighboring	
42	living area window nearest	
43	the equipment location	55
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#### D. Ybor City Historie Entertainment District (as defined by the City of Tampa)

1. Sound levels generated by entertainment or musical events within the Ybor City Historie Entertainment District, regardless 100 of time of day, shall not exceed 65 dBA when received at any point on the boundary of the Ybor City Entertainment District as defined in Section 1-10.01 B.20. south of the right of way of the CSX rail line along 6th Avenue, east of 22nd Street, north of Palm Avenue, or west of Nuccio Parkway. 2. The maximum allowable sound levels the individual octave bands whose centers are 63, 125, 250 and 500 Hertz shall not exceed 75 dB when received at any point on the boundary of the Ybor City Entertainment District as defined in Section 1-10.01B. 20. beyond the same described

Noise generated by E entertainment or musical events within the Ybor City Entertainment Historie District shall be regulated by the City of Tampa under their noise ordinance, except as provided in Sections 1-10.03 D.1. and 2. in compliance with these sound limits, or which does not exceed 65 dBA at the point of generation, is not a noise disturbance under this rule.

boundary lines.

#### 1-10.04 EXCEPTIONS TO SOUND LEVEL -**LIMITS ACTIVITIES NOT REGULATED BY THIS RULE:**

It is not the intent of this Rule to regulate noises under all in circumstances. where persons, property, wildlife or plant life are not affected by the noise. The following activities or sources are exempt from the requirements of Section 1-10.03 of this Rule:

- A. The emission of sound for the purpose of alerting persons to the existence of an emergency, or in the performance of emergency work.
  - B. The unamplified human voice.
- C. Reasonable operation of equipment or conduct of activities normal to residential or agricultural communities such as lawn care, soil cultivation, maintenance of trees, hedges and gardens, refuse collections, the use of lawn mowers, saws and tractors, street sweepers, mosquito fogging, tree trimming and limb chipping, and other normal community operations.
- -D. Reasonable operation of unamplified church bells or chimes when used for traditional religious purposes. Normally occurring sounds on church or school grounds during church or school-

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#### sponsored activities.

- E. Events directly related to Gasparilla, Fourth of July, New Year's Eve, Guavaween, or officially authorized spectator games.
- F. The lowing of cattle, the clucking of fowl, the neighing of horses, the baying of hounds and other normal sounds of reasonably cared for domestic animals.
- 9 G. Motor vehicles operating on a public right of
   10 way.
- H. Personal watercraft, including amphibious craft when operated upon the waterways within Hillsborough County.
- 14 I. Amusement parks
- J. Common carrier stations, including but not limited to bus stations, transit malls, train stations, ships' wharves and docks, and airports.
- 18 K. Sport shooting ranges

19 <u>L.</u> The operation of trains, ships, and 20 aircraft.

#### 21 1-10.05 MOTOR VEHICLES

- A. Motor Vehicles Operating on Public Right of Way Motor vehicles on a public right of way are regulated as set forth in Sections 316.293 and 403.415 Florida Statutes (1989).
- A. Recreational Motorized Vehicles
  Operating Off Public Rights of Way No
  person shall operate or cause to be operated
  any recreational motorized vehicle off a
  public right of way in such a manner that the
  sound level emitted therefrom violates the
  provision of Section 1-10.03A. This section
  shall apply to all recreational motorized
  vehicles, whether or not duly licensed and
  registered, including, but not limited to
  motorcycles, go-carts, amphibious eraft,
  campers and dune buggies. All such vehicles
  shall use noise attenuating devices (exhaust
  mufflers).

# 41 B. C. Motor Vehicles Operated at Facilities for Competitive Events -

- 1. All motor vehicles operated at facilities permitted for competitive motor vehicle events are exempted from complying with Section 1-10.03 A.
- 2. Noise levels from competitive motor 48 vehicle events shall not exceed 68 dBA when 49 measured at or within the property line of

residential properties, except as provided in paragraph C. B. 3.

- 3. Noise levels from the "Annual Nationals" and the regular Saturday night races as presently held at East Bay Raceway,—shall not exceed 78 dBA—at the nearest residential property lines.
- 4. Vehicles shall use noise attenuating devices. The type of noise attenuating device utilized is dependent upon, but not limited to, vehicle characteristics, available technology, and conditions set by the Environmental Director pursuant to Section 1-10.05D.C. Noise attenuating devices may include, but are not limited to, directed exhausts, exhaust mufflers, turbochargers, superchargers, airfoils, diverter vanes, body design, and tire design.

#### D. C. Authorization Required -

- 1. No person shall construct, alter, expand or operate any installation or facility for competitive motor vehicle events without first providing documentation and assurance of compliance with Section 1-10.05 D.B., and without first receiving a permit by Letter of Authorization from the Environmental Director.
- 2. The request for a Letter of Authorization shall be in writing and shall contain at a minimum the following information and attachments:
- a. Name, address, and telephone number of the person, firm, corporation, or association requesting authorization. In the case of a firm, corporation or association, the request shall include the names of its Board of Directors, members, and owners.
- b. Name and telephone numbers of a responsible party who may be reached at all times during the occurrence of any competitive motor vehicle event.
- c. Identification of sanctioning body and name and telephone number of representative.
- d. Location, dates and times of commencement and termination of competitive motor vehicle events, including practice heats.
- e. Descriptions of the numbers of competitive motor vehicle events planned, number of vehicles participating in each type of event and type of vehicles involved.

f. Descriptions of measures, methods, and techniques which will be used to reduce the volume of noise generated by the event, including description and representative illustrations and plans of for the enclosure or barrier system or process and performance parameters.

- g. Plans for operator/employee training and familiarization with requirements of this rule.
- h. Provisions for trackside and boundary noise monitoring.
- i. Design features, equipment, work practices, or operational methods to reduce the volume of noise generated by the competitive motor vehicle events.
- 3. Upon reasonable assurance that the requested competitive motor vehicle events will be in compliance with Section 1-10.05€ B., and upon payment of any applicable fee pursuant to Chapter 1-6, the Environmental Director will issue a Letter of Authorization for the event with such conditions as may be necessary, which shall include but not be limited to, date and time of operation, reporting requirements, and monitoring requirements.

### 1-10.06 WAIVERS FOR CULTURAL EVENTS:

A. The sponsors of a cultural event, which will occur infrequently and which reasonably may not meet the noise standards and regulations provided above, may submit a request for a waiver to the Commission, along with proposed precautions and conditions. The sponsors shall also provide 15 days' written notice to each Registered Neighborhood Organization within one mile of the proposed event, including a description of the event and proposed conditions, the name and telephone number of a contact for more information, and the date and time when the matter will be considered by the Commission. EPC staff shall review the proposal and comment on the reasonable expectations of compliance or non-compliance with the provisions of this rule and the likely impacts to the surrounding community. The proposal, along with staff's comments, shall be reviewed by the Commission at an advertised public hearing. Any waiver granted will specify which provisions of the rule are waived, the times for which they are waived, and any additional conditions which apply.

B. For purposes of this section, a cultural event is any event drawing a large attendance for entertainment, amusement, enlightenment or recreation purposes, which in the determination of the Commission, has or is likely to become a community event integrated into accepted social practices or traditions.

B. All requirements for cultural events waivers shall be separate, and in addition to, the requirements set forth in Hillsborough County Ordinance #89-42 regarding Entertainment Festival Permits.

66 Adopted 6/10/76

67 Amended 11/15/84

Amended 11/11/88

69 Amended 10/05/89

70 Amended 05/23/90

71 Amended 05/22/91 Amended 01/17/96 72 Amended 06/20/95 Amended 00/00/00

(Latest revision date 10/4/00

-11-

#### **AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET**

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EPC Meeting October 19, 2000

Agenda Item:

Goals and Objectives

#### **Description/Summary:**

The Executive Director's contract provides that a list of agency goals and objectives be prepared and submitted at the October EPC meeting for discussion.

The attached chart reflects five major goals and summarizes the actions that staff proposes to undertake in achieving those goals, along with the environmental benefits anticipated. Staff proposes to achieve significant improvement toward each goal during the next fiscal year.

The Executive Director has assigned specific actions under each goal and objective to his key management staff and will require periodic updates throughout the year. The Executive Director will provide a status report on these goals to the Commission within 6 months, and a more detailed annual report this time next year.

#### Attachment:

Chart of goals, objectives and benefits.

#### **Commission Action Recommended:**

The Executive Director requests Commission input and acceptance.

ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS	Effective allocation of resources     Streamlined regulatory processes	<ul> <li>Air toxics profile for the Tampa Bay area</li> <li>Regional approach to air quality protection</li> <li>Better understanding of trends and causes of environmental conditions in the Bay</li> <li>Quantification of N loading to the atmosphere and to the waters of Tampa Bay will permit better adjustment of pollution allocations to protect air and water quality</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reduction in pollutant emissions and discharges</li> <li>Slower rate of permit demand increase</li> <li>Increased compliance rates</li> </ul>	Increased number of sites in natural attenuation and the number of sites issued Site Rehabilitation Completion Orders.	Use of Pollntion Recovery Fund to maximize efficient and effective use for Environmental benefit
ACTION SUMMARY	Evaluate current regulatory functions for environmental effectiveness	Develop data on nitrogen oxide emissions, toxics, and benthics in sediments that, in combination with ongoing ambient air monitoring will facilitate identification of trends and "hot spots"	Provide mechanisms that permitting and enforcement staff can use to encourage regulated industry to adopt strategies that eliminate and reduce pollution before it is created	Meet the new petroleum cleanup task assignments and encourage the use of innovative technology as a means to remediate sites more efficiently	Refine the process of technical evaluation of environmental benefits and focus followup inspections to ensure maximum result
OBJECTIVE	1. Ensure effectiveness of regulatory programs	2. Implement projects and Action Plans through BRACE and the CCMP designed to monitor atmospheric deposition of uitrogen and other introduction of toxic contaminants to Tampa Bay	3. Focus potential pollution sources on pollution prevention (P2)	4. Redouble efforts to achieve remediation of petroleum contaminated sites (including those contaminated with MTBE)	5. Evaluate the uses of the Pollution Recovery Fund to maximize environmental benefit
GOAL	A. Regulatory Effectiveness				

ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS	Consistent and comprehensive agency-wide positions Pollution minimization through proper design and operation of facilities and evaluation of groundwater and surfacewater systems	Better compliance with regulations protecting natural resources Increased consistency in permitting decisions Less confusion and controversy	Easy retrieval of questions submitted and responses given Responses on multi-media issues coordinated between divisions	Reduced processing time for a permit without sacrificing quality Enhanced environmental compliance at regulated facilities Enhanced remediation of unpermitted discharges	Availability of funding to cover necessary regulatory activities	Better communication internally and with other agencies Better availability and coordination of information in site review analysis Faster responses and ability to provide historical information More efficient storage of records
	• •	_	• •	• • •	•	• • • •
ACTION SUMMARY	Develop mechanisms that allow divisions to efficiently assist each other in reviewing and commenting on projects with cross-media implications and team permitting efforts	Develop a general permit process for standard situations, and develop guidelines and procedures that coordinate with the procedures of other agencies	Develop agency-wide process for reviewing and responding to requests received via mail, phone, and internet	Implement permit review strategies to avoid delay, compliance strategies to identify potential problems earlier, and enforcement strategies to prioritize cases	Compare cost recovery under the current fee schedule to actual permitting costs, including phosphate mining review and team permitting	Update agency email system, develop capacity and infrastructure to accommodate GIS, and standardize agency databases
OBJECTIVE	Facilitate sharing of information and expertise, and coordinating current activities between EPC divisions	2. Clarify and coordinate EPC's wetland impact assessment and approval process with the County development and zoning review and with the Planning Commission's future land use process	3. Improve responsiveness to public inquiries, and Administrative and Commissioner referrals	Streamline procedures to meet new DEP policy guidelines and decrease existing backlogs	<ol> <li>Ensure appropriate recovery of regulatory costs in regulatory services</li> </ol>	6. Streamline and improve data handling systems
GOAL	B. Regulatory Efficiency					

ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS	More efficient and effective utilization of regulatory resources in the county     More comprehensive environmental decisions acceptable to more entities     More consistent decisions regarding permitted activities     Better environmental compliance     Better protection of environmental concerns in the County/City planning process     Clear regulations and enforcement process     Clarification of respective agency processes in wetland delineation and enforcement     Efficient use and sharing of resources	<ul> <li>Better environmental decisions</li> <li>More rapid regulatory decisions</li> <li>Greater consistency</li> <li>Effective regulation and protection of environmental resources</li> </ul>	Statewide BMPs that prevent environmental concerns without the need for separate local regulation
ACTION SUMMARY	Coordinate on a regular basis with other agencies having regulatory authority and programs in the County to identify methods for streamlining, coordination and assistance and to determine if delegation would provide a more efficient and effective allocation of resources	Coordinate water supply reviews and evaluations of cumulative impacts, comment on proposed SWFWMD rules and participate in rulemaking and challenges as appropriate	Review existing BMPs, evaluate effect and participate in statewide evaluation as needed
OBJECTIVE	1. Improve coordination with FDEP and its various programs, and work with other agencies such as SWFWMD, Port Authority, Planning Commission and City of Tampa to develop memorandums of understanding, contract, or delegation of appropriate programs to achieve better service to the public, and regulatory efficiency and better allocation of limited public resources	Coordinate with the County Water Resource Team in evaluating resource sensitive water projects	3. Work with the Department of Agriculture, DEP and water management districts to identify and amend as appropriate existing and proposed Best Management Practices under the Florida Right to Farm Act
GOAL	C. Better Coordination- Delegation with our Regulatory Partners		

<ul> <li>Minimize chances of oil spill incidents</li> <li>Improve response to oil spill incidents and thus minimize adverse impacts</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reuse of abandoned and uncconomical properties</li> <li>Reduced need to impact natural systems through development of green spaces</li> <li>Coordinated, consistent and effective application of environmental protection criteria</li> <li>Efficient use of resources</li> </ul>	ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS	<ul> <li>More efficient use of resources</li> <li>Less duplication of effort</li> <li>Better coverage of potential sources and prevention of pollution</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Less concern about non-compliance on both agricultural and regulatory side</li> <li>Better understanding of relationship between education and compliance</li> <li>Better compliance with less enforcement</li> </ul>
Coordinate oil spill management and rapid response strategies with other agencies	Coordinate processes for the review and assessment of environmental concerns on Brownfield sites, and assist in developing criteria and monitoring implementation of remediation	ACTION SUMMARY	Develop an MOU with the County to coordinate inspections and enforcement information	Participate more actively with existing agricultural organizations to find solutions to perceived problems
4. Work with Coast Guard and DEP Emergency Response to plan strategics to prevent and abate oil spill incidents	5. Work with Hillsborough County, DEP, and municipalities to encourage redevelopment of perceived contaminated properties (Brownfields)	OBJECTIVE	1. Assist County and Cities in monitoring and controlling illicit stormwater connections to their stormwater systems	2. Develop a regular contact with the agricultural community to identify applicable BMPs, complete the evaluation of the EPC Dairy Pilot Project, and to work on programs that minimize agriculture's concerns regarding environmental compliance
		G0AL	D. Partnering with regulated facilities or industry for better	

uss means  • Fewer citizen complaints on these facilities  • Higher compliance rate on the unannounced quarterly EPC inspections.	<ul> <li>applicable</li> <li>More effective application of regulations in road construction</li> <li>Less delay and cost in road construction</li> <li>Less conflict and distrust between agencies</li> <li>Better understanding between EPC, DOT and DEP regarding review process for wetlands and for inanagement of contaminated soils</li> </ul>	ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS	Better understanding of areas where policy, about government effort and funding should be directed Citizen understanding and support of pollution reduction efforts Greater citizen participation in public processes	Greater public understanding of environmental issues and achievements     Greater public access and involvement with EPC goals	r relevant and regulatory and issues processes ons forms, e. Easier compliance with regulatory procedure c.
Meet with affected industry to discuss means to minimize their impacts, and revise permits as necessary	Meet with DOT and DEP to clarify applicable regulations, appropriate interpretation and application, and develop a review process that addresses DOT's administrative procedures	ACTION SUMMARY	Improve the methods of transmitting and sharing environmental information about Hillsborough County with the commission, other agencies and the public	Establish a process for identifying newsworthy items and for their release as appropriate	Make EPC's website a first stop for relevant agency information on procedures and issues by posting such things as applications forms, permit review guidelines, meeting agendas minutes, news, agency contacts, etc.
3. Partner with ship repair facilities to encourage minimizing these operations' impact on the local environment.	4. Work with DOT to resolve permitting conflicts	OBJECTIVE	1. Keep the public and policy makers informed about ambient surface water quality, air quality and known waste sites in Hillsborough County and Tampa Bay	<ol> <li>Develop contacts and a coordinated process for sharing information with the media</li> </ol>	3. Develop the EPC web-site to become more informative, helpful and interactive
	2	GOAL	E. Outreach and Public Education and Training		

Better environmental legislation and better coordination with local processes EPC will be a source of relevant and timely environmental information for our Commission and for our Legislative Delegation	EPC will become a source of relevant and practical environmental information as the Tampa Bay community addresses issues of public concern	CEAC will become a voice for citizen information and communication with EPC	Better municipal and County consistency and compliance with environmental regulatory goals
• •	•	•	•
Work with the County, FAC, DEP and FLERA to identify likely legislative inquiry, inform the EPC of issues on which we should respond and provide information to Legislative Delegation members as requested	Designate specific staff persons responsible for working with various local organizations and provide environmental information as appropriate	Assist CEAC in identifying and addressing issues that they can effectively participate in providing public comment and suggestion to the Commission	Work with the municipalities and County administrations to inform them of our environmental services and to offer our assistance in addressing their concerns
4. Identify environmental concerns before each legislative session and provide technical and administrative information to assist the EPC and the Legislative Delegation	5. Participate and assist various local organizations that serve as forums for citizen and industry discussion	6. Work with CEAC to identify issues relevant to EPC effectiveness in addressing citizen concerns	7. Ensure that municipal and County administrations are informed of pending environmental concerns, issues, and regulations
-	ν <sub>1</sub>	9	7
		<b>a</b> .	

#### MONTHLY ACTIVITIES REPORT AIR MANAGEMENT DIVISION SEPTEMBER

A.	Publ	lic Outreach/Education Assistance:				
В.	Indus	strial Air Pollution Permitting				
	1.	Permit Applications Received (Counted by Number Received): a. Operating: b. Construction: c. Amendments: d. Transfers/Extensions: e. General	of Fees			
	2.	Delegated Permits Issued by EPC and Non-de Permits Recommended to DEP for Approval (¹Cour Number of Fees Collected - ² Except for T Facilities where it is Counted by Number of E Units affected by the Applicant's Request): a. Operating¹: b. Construction¹: c. Amendments¹: d. Transfers/Extensions¹: e. Title V Operating²: f. Permit Determinations²:	nted by itle V			
	3.	Intent to Deny Permit Issued	0			
C.	Administrative Enforcement					
	1.	Documents Issued:				
		<ul><li>a. Notice of Intent to Initiate Enforcement</li><li>b. Citation</li><li>c. Emergency Order</li></ul>	0 0 0			
	2.	Total Cases Initiated:	0			
	3.	Cases Resolved:	1_			
	4.	Cases Referred to Legal Department:	0			
	5.	Consent Orders Signed:	0			
	6.	Contributions to the Pollution Recovery Fund: \$	-0-			
	(	Organization Name Violation A	mount			

D.	Inspections:			
	1.	Industrial Facilities:	12	
	2.	Air Toxics Facilities: a. Asbestos Emitters b. Area Sources (i.e. Drycleaners, Chrome Platers, etc) c. Major Sources	0 14 0	
	3.	Asbestos Demolition/Renovation Projects:	38	
E.	Open	Burning Permits Issued:	15	
F.	Number of Division of Forestry Permits Monitored:			
G.	Total Citizen Complaints Received:			
н.	Total Citizen Complaints Closed:			
I.	Noise Sources Monitored:			
J.	Air	Program's Input to Development Regional Impacts:	5	
к.	Test Reports Reviewed:		7	
L.	Compliance:			
	1.	Warning Notices Issued:	5	
	2.	Warning Notices Resolved:	21	

49

3. Advisory Letters Issued:

AOR's Reviewed

Μ.

### FEES COLLECTED FOR AIR MANAGEMENT DIVISION SEPTEMBER

		Total Revenue
1.	Non-delegated construction permit for an air pollution source	
	<ul><li>(a) New Source Review or Prevention of Significant Deterioration sources</li><li>(b) all others</li></ul>	\$ -0- \$ -0-
2.	Non-delegated operation permit for an air pollution source	
	<ul><li>(a) class B or smaller facility - 5 year permit</li><li>(b) class A2 facility - 5 year permit</li><li>(c) class A1 facility - 5 year permit</li></ul>	\$ -0- \$ -0- \$ -0-
3.	(a) Delegated Construction Permit for air pollution source (20% of the amount collected is forwarded to the DEP and not included here)	\$1,680.00
	(b) Delegated operation permit for an air pollution source (20% of the amount collected is forwarded to the DEP and not included here)	\$2,000.00
	(c) Delegated General Permit (20% is forwarded to DEP and not included here)	\$ 240.00
4.	Non-delegated permit revision for an air pollution source	\$ 960.00
5.	Non-delegated permit transfer of ownership, name change or extension	\$ -0-
6.	Notification for commercial demolition	
	<ul><li>(a) for structure less than 50,000 sq ft</li><li>(b) for structure greater than 50,000 sq ft</li></ul>	\$1,955.00 \$ -0-
7.	Notification for asbestos abatement	
	<ul><li>(a) renovation 160 to 1000 sq ft or 260 to 1000 linear feet of asbestos</li><li>(b) renovation greater than 1000 linear feet or 1000 sq ft</li></ul>	\$ 290.00 \$ 400.00
8.	Open burning authorization	\$6,375.00
9.	Enforcement Costs	\$ -0-

COMMISSION
PAT FRANK
CHRIS HART
JIM NORMAN
JAN PLATT
THOMAS SCOTT
RONDA STORMS
BEN WACKSMAN

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR RICHARD D. GARRITY, Ph.D.



ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES, LEGAL & WATER MANAGEMENT DIVISION 1900 - 9<sup>TH</sup> AVENUE TAMPA, FLORIDA 33605 TELEPHONE (813) 272 - 5960 FAX (813) 272 - 5157

AIR MANAGEMENT DIVISION TELEPHONE (813) 272 - 5530

WASTE MANAGEMENT DIVISION TELEPHONE (813) 272 - 5788

WETLANDS MANAGEMENT DIVISION TELEPHONE (813) 272 - 7104

#### MEMORANDUM

DATE:

October 12, 2000

TO:

Tom Koulianos, Director of Finance and Administration

FROM:

yce Hn Moore, Executive Secretary, Waste Management Division through

ang Boostani, Director of Waste Management

SUBJECT:

WASTE MANAGEMENT'S SEPTEMBER 2000 AGENDA INFORMATION

#### A. ADMINISTRATIVE ENFORCEMENT

	1DMMIGIATIVE ENTONOEMENT			
1.	New cases received	0		
2.	On-going administrative cases	112		
	a. Pending	3		
	b. Active	59		
	c. Legal	12		
	d. Tracking Compliance (Administrative)	14		
	e. Inactive/Referred cases	22		
	f. Criminal Compliance tracking	2		
3.	NOI's issued	0		
4.	Citations issued	0		
5.	Consent Orders signed	0		
6.	Civil Contributions to the Pollution Recovery Fund	0		
7.	Criminal Contributions to the Pollution Recovery Fund	2		
8.	Enforcement Costs collected	\$200.00		
9.	Cases referred to Legal Dept.	0		
10.	Cases Closed	0		

### B. SOLID AND HAZARDOUS WASTE

1. Permits (received/reviewed)	55 / 59
2. EPC Authorization for Facilities NOT requiring DEP	1
permit	
3. Other Permits and Reports	
a. County Permits	0
b. Reports	55 / 58
4. Inspections (Total)	227
a. Complaints	58
b. Compliance/Reinspections	18
c. Facility Compliance	12
d. Small Quantity Generator	139
5. Enforcement	
a. Complaints Received/Closed	54 / 50
b. Warning Notices Issued/Closed	5/3
c. Compliance letters	41
d. Letters of Agreement	0
e. DEP Referrals	0
6. Pamphlets, Rules and Material Distributed	212

### C. STORAGE TANK COMPLIANCE

1.	Inspections	
	a. Compliance	95
	b. Installation	6
	c. Closure	7
	d. Compliance Re-Inspections	13
2.	Installation Plans Received/Reviewed	12 / 6
3.	Closure Plans & Reports	
	a. Closure Plans Received/ Reviewed	0/0
	b. Closure Reports Received/Reviewed	4/3
4.	Enforcement	
	a. Non-compliance Letters Issued/Closed	54 / 9
	b. Warning Notices Issued/Closed	2/0
	c. Cases referred to Enforcement	1
	d. Complaints Received/Investigated	0/0
	e. Complaints Referred	0
5.	Discharge Reporting Forms Received	0
6.	Incident Notification Forms Received	0
7.	Cleanup Notification Letters Issued	4
8.	Public Assistance	200+

September 2000 Agenda Information October 12, 2000 Page 3

#### D. STORAGE TANK CLEANUP

1.	Inspections	18
2.	Reports Received/Reviewed	48 / 59
	a. Site Assesment	17 / 12
	b. Source Removal	6/3
	c. Remedial Action Plans (RAP's)	4/4
	d. Site Rehabilitation Completion Order/	1 / 4
	No Further Action Order	
	e. Others	20 / 36
3.	State Cleanup	
	a. Active Sites	5
	b. Funds Dispersed	\$0.00

#### E. RECORD REVIEWS

46

### F. PUBLIC INFORMATION PROJECTS

Chuck Heintz, Interview with Bay News 9.

Kelley Boatwright, Brenda Fonda, & Leslie Campbell; Bay Drum Case Study @ Statewide Air & Waste Management.

### ACTIVITIES REPORT WATER MANAGEMENT DIVISION

	SEPTEMBER, 2000				
A.	ENFORCEMENT				
	1. New Enforcement Case	es Received:	6		
	2. Enforcement Cases Cl	1			
	3. Enforcement Cases Ou	itstanding:	47		
	4. Enforcement Document	s Issued:	4		
	<ul><li>5. Warning Notices:</li><li>a. Issued:</li><li>b. Resolved:</li></ul>		$\frac{10}{\frac{7}{3}}$		
	6. Recovered costs to t	the General Fund:	\$112.78		
	7. Contributions to the	e Pollution Recovery Fund:	\$1383.33		
	Case Name	<u>Violation</u>	Amount		
	<ul><li>a. Windemere Utility</li><li>b. Reflections of Tampa</li></ul>	Improper operation, Failure to maintain C/S placed into service	\$750.00		
	c. Hughes Hard Chrome	prior to approval	\$300.00 \$333.33		
В.	PERMITTING - DOMESTIC				
	1. Permit Applications R a. Facility Permit:	II s-General: s-Dry Line/Wet Line:	$ \begin{array}{r}     23 \\     \hline     0 \\     \hline     0 \\     \hline     0 \\     \hline     13 \\     \hline     10 \\     \hline     0 \end{array} $		
	<ol> <li>Permit Applications A         <ul> <li>Facility Permit:</li> <li>Collection System</li> <li>Collection System</li> <li>Residuals Disposa</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	s-General: s-Dry Line/Wet Line:	$ \begin{array}{r}                                     $		
	3. Permit Applications I a. Facility Permit: b. Collection System c. Collection System d. Residuals Disposa	s-Dry Line/Wet Line:			
	4. Permit Applications Recommended for Appr		0		

0

5. Permits Withdrawn:

	6.	Permit Applications Outstanding: a. Facility Permit: b. Collection Systems-General: c. Collection Systems-Dry Line/Wet Line: d. Residuals Disposal:	28 13 6 9 0
С.	INS	SPECTIONS - DOMESTIC	98
	1.	Compliance Evaluation: a. Inspection (CEI): b. Sampling inspection (CSI): c. Toxics Sampling Inspection (XSI): d. Performance Audit Inspection (PAI):	$   \begin{array}{r}     11 \\     \hline     10 \\     \hline     0 \\     \hline     0   \end{array} $
	2.	Reconnaissance: a. Inspection (RI): b. Sample Inspection (SRI): c. Complaint Inspection (CRI): d. Enforcement Inspection (ERI):	47 16 26 4 0 0 1 9
	3.	Special: a. Diagnostic Inspection (DI): b. Residual Site Inspection (RSI): c. Preconstruction Inspection (PCI): d. Post Construction Inspection (XCI):	40 0 1 9 30
D.	PER	RMITTING - INDUSTRIAL	
	1.	Permit Applications Received:  a. Facility Permit:  (i) Types I and II  (ii) Type III with groundwater monitoring  (iii) Type III w/o groundwater monitoring	0 0 0 0
		b. General Permit:	0
		<ul> <li>c. Preliminary Design Report:</li> <li>(i) Types I and II</li> <li>(ii) Type III with groundwater monitoring</li> <li>(iii) Type III w/o groundwater monitoring</li> </ul>	0 0 0
	2.	Permits Recommended to DEP for Approval:	1
	3.	Permit Applications Outstanding: a. Facility Permits: b. General Permits:	30 30 0
E.	INS	SPECTIONS - INDUSTRIAL	21
	1.	Compliance Evaluation: a. Inspection (CEI): b. Sampling Inspection (CSI): c. Toxics Sampling Inspection (XSI): d. Performance Audit Inspection (PAI):	6 0 0 0

	<pre>2. Reconnaissance:     a. Inspection (RI):     b. Sample inspection (SRI):     c. Complaint Inspection (CRI):</pre>	$   \begin{array}{r}                                     $			
F.	. CITIZEN COMPLAINTS				
	<pre>1. Domestic:     a. Received:     b. Closed:</pre>	19 6 13			
	<pre>2. Industrial:     a. Received:     b. Closed:</pre>	20 8 12			
	<ul><li>3. Water Pollution:</li><li>a. Received:</li><li>b. Closed:</li></ul>	11 5 6			
G.	RECORD REVIEWS				
	1. Permitting:	3			
	2. Enforcement:	0			
н.	ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLES ANALYSED FOR:				
	1. Air Division:	123			
	2. Waste Division:	0			
	3. Water Division:	<u>172</u>			
	4. Wetlands Division:	0			
I.	SPECIAL PROJECT REVIEWS				
	1. DRI's:	7			
	2. Permitting:	0			
	3. Enforcement:	0			
	4. Other:	0			
J.	WATER QUALITY MONITORING SPECIAL PROJECTS				
	1. Data Review	4			
	2. Special Sampling	_10			
	3. Biomonitoring/Toxicity Reviews (DW)	4			
	4. Biomonitoring/Toxicity Reviews (IW)	1			
	5. Other - Env. Impact Statement (FPSO's)	1			
к.	TAMPA PORT AUTHORITY/DEP DREDGE & FILL	_11			

#### EPC LEGAL DEPARTMENT MONTHLY REPORT October 10, 2000

#### A. ADMINISTRATIVE CASES

#### NEW CASES [0]

#### **EXISTING CASES [9]**

FIBA/Bridge Realty [LBR195-162]: EPC issued a citation to the owner, Bridge Realty and former tenant FIBA Corp., for various unlawful waste management practices. It was ordered that a contamination assessment must be conducted, a report submitted and contaminated material appropriately handled. Bridge Realty and FIBA appealed. Bridge Realty initiated a limited assessment and staff requested additional information only a portion of which was delivered. However, an alternate remedial plan was approved and staff is reviewing the final report. (RT)

<u>City of Tampa</u> [LCOTZ99-005]: Appeal of EPC Citation for the improper disposal of street sweeping debris. Parties agreed in June 99 to abate the proceeding for 90 days to develop a plan for the proper disposal of the material. The plan has been reviewed and comments relayed to the city. The city has resolved all non-compliance issues and the EPC staff is currently calculating penalties and costs for past violations. (AZ)

Cone Constructors, Inc. [LCONB99-006]: (See related case under Civil Cases). Citation for Noise Rule violations during the construction of the Suncoast Parkway was appealed. On September 14, 2000, Mr. Cone signed a Settlement Letter to resolve this case. In addition to prohibiting Mr. Cone from conducting night time operation of heavy duty rock hauling, the Settlement Letter provided for payment of \$1,074.00 as reimbursement for costs and expenses associated with the investigation and resolution of this matter. To date, Mr. Cone has not paid the agreed upon amount. Options for collection of the agreed upon amount are being investigated. (KKB)

Presto Food Stores Inc. [LPREZ00-002]: Appeal of a citation regarding out of compliance Underground Storage Tanks. The landowner requested an administrative hearing, asserting a lack of ownership of the UST system. The tenants also claim no ownership. The Hearing Officer continued the pre-hearing conference pending the property owner's efforts to properly close the system. Tanks have been emptied of product. The landowner has submitted a closure report of the UST system, which is under review. The facility is currently in compliance. EPC staff is currently calculating penalties and costs for settlement of past violations. (AZ)

<u>Watermark</u> [LWATB98-168]: Appeal of a citation for out-of-compliance Underground Storage Tanks (UST's) at the Kings Point Golf Course. The regulatory deadline for upgrading or properly closing the UST's is passed. The landowner requested an administrative hearing, asserting that extenuating circumstances should be considered. Efforts continue to resolve this matter without having to refer to a hearing officer. Landowner and EPC are currently negotiating a P2 pollution prevention plan in lieu of a portion of the penalties. EPC staff is currently calculating penalties and costs for inserting into the consent order. (AZ)

<u>**DOT**</u> [LDOTF00-008]: DOT appealed a citation issued to them for failing to obtain a Director's Authorization prior to excavating solid waste from old landfills at two sites in Hillsborough County. Since DOT indicated that negotiations for settlement were underway, the appeal proceedings will be held in abeyance pending possible settlement. A productive meeting was held on June 20, 2000. (RT)

Tampa Bay Organics [LTBOF00-007]: Tampa Bay Organics, a wood recycling facility, filed a Notice of Appeal of EPC's citation for causing a dust nuisance and for operating an air pollution source without valid permits. The appeal is being held in abeyance pending settlement discussions. EPC staff and Tampa Bay Organics personnel held a meeting to discuss resolution of this matter. The parties agreed to enter into a Consent Order. The Consent Order has been drafted and is being reviewed. Further settlement meetings are anticipated. (KKB)

<u>Lakeshore Villas Mobile Home Park</u> [LLAKZ00-010]: Lakeshore Villas, an applicant for a permit which EPC proposed to deny, converted its Chapter 120 petition to challenge the denial into a formal Request for Extension of time to file a petition. Applicant was granted until November 29, 2000 to file a petition, giving Lakeshore Villas additional time to resolve the problems identified by EPC staff. (AZ)

Mike Carter Construction [LWILZ00-011]: Mike Carter Construction filed an appeal of the Executive Director's denial of its request to impact wetlands in the construction of a public storage facility at Wilsky Blvd. and Waters Avenue. On September 8, 2000, EPC staff received information previously requested in October 1999. The information indicated that in 1987 the EPC had participated in the review of a Hillsborough County rezoning petition. The zoning petition incorporated the wetland line as delineated by staff in 1987. Delineations that have been incorporated in the approval of development by another governmental body shall be valid for the life of that approval. Because of the previous determination, the project site at issue does not contain wetlands regulated by Chapter 1-11. Therefore, a request to impact wetlands for the development of the tract is unnecessary. Withdrawals of the denial and appeal are being prepared. (KKB)

#### RESOLVED CASES [ 2 ]

Kinman [LKIN98-164]: The Kinmans requested an 84-446 administrative review of the EPC Director's Decision upholding the delineation of wetlands on their property and amended their appeal in December 1998. The Hearing Officer agreed to hold the administrative process in abeyance to give petitioner an opportunity to apply for impacts and for the agency to respond. EPC has sent correspondence to the opposing side regarding status but they have not responded to EPC's request. On August 10, 2000 the Hearing Officer entered an order requiring the appellants to show cause why the matter should not be dismissed within 30 days for failure to move the appeal forward. The Hearing Officer entered an order dismissing the appeal with prejudice on September 20, 2000. The EPC Legal Department entered an order closing the file on September 22, 2000. (AZ)

Woodcock [LWOO98-160]: On September 18, 2000, the Executive Director signed a Letter of Agreement between Mr. Woodcock and the Environmental Protection Commission resolving this case. The issue involved settlement of an enforcement action taken when Mr. Woodcock constructed a sakrete bag seawall on his property located on the Alafia River. Mr. Woodcock is required to remove approximately 75% of the seawall and associated backfill, to restore disturbed wetland areas, to perform annual monitoring of the restored wetland areas for a minimum of two years and to pay \$1,000 to the Pollution Recovery Fund and \$1,000 to the EPC for reimbursement for expenses incurred in investigating and resolving this issue. (KKB)

#### **B. CIVIL CASES**

NEW CASES [ 0 ]

#### **EXISTING CASES** [ 14 ]

Holley, Raymond, et al. [LHOL94-161]: Suit was filed in 1994 to compel proper closure for an abandoned underground storage tank and to obtain civil penalties and costs. The Defendants defaulted but obtained a judicial stay by filing bankruptcy. The bankruptcy case closed in April 1998 and EPC renewed its previously filed Motion for Judgment after Default. Although staff tried to work with Defendants as being eligible for state assistance under the Abandoned Tank Restoration Plan, Defendants did not cooperate. EPC filed an Amended Motion for Judgment after Default with a supporting affidavit on costs and scheduled a hearing. On July 25, 2000 the Court entered a Default Final Judgment requiring the Defendant to properly close the USTs, pay costs of \$1,240.87, and required payment of \$22,100 in penalties if the order for injunctive relief is not complied with. The Defendants have not complied with the judgment and the legal staff is drafting a motion for contempt to get the facility properly closed. (AZ)

Slusmeyer [LSLU94-152]: Defendant failed to comply with a prior court order and injunction requiring proper closure of underground storage tanks. Although Defendant verbally agreed and was given until April to comply with the judgment, he failed to do so. EPC asked the court for an order of contempt and injunctive relief. On April 27, the judge took the issue of contempt under advisement and allowed Defendant 60 days to comply with the judgment after which further sanctions would be sought. The day prior to the hearing on the Renewed Motion for Contempt, the Defendant retained an attorney and a consultant in order to comply with the judgment. He has been provided a brief additional amount of time to resolve all outstanding issues. The Defendant has contracted with an environmental consultant to close the underground storage tanks in accordance with state and local rules. Compliance issues should be resolved within a month, however EPC will continue to pursue penalties and costs. (AZ)

Kings Food Mart [LKIN96-159]: Authority granted to compel assessment of reported contamination at a retail gasoline facility and to compel compliance with leak detection regulations for an existing Underground Storage Tank system. Complaint has been drafted and enclosed with a demand letter on June 13, 2000. After meeting with the legal office and Waste Management staff, the landowner has since applied for petroleum contamination cleanup assistance and has gotten into compliance with other issues. Staff is currently calculating penalties and costs for the past non-compliance so that settlement might occur. (AZ)

Mulberry Phosphate [LMULF98-166]: Authority granted January 1998 to proceed against Mulberry to recover environmental damages as result of a process water spill from an impoundment system failure. The spill impacted the Alafia River and Tampa Bay. EPC is also seeking recovery of costs of enforcement and civil penalties. EPC is working cooperatively with DEP and NOAA to resolve this case jointly. EPC conducted a damage assessment and evaluation of appropriate restoration and currently several mitigation projects in both Hillsborough and Polk counties are being reviewed and considered as possible settlement options. The next settlement discussion is October 19, 2000 and NOAA has a statutory deadline in December of this year. (RT)

Stasiak v. EPC [LSTA98-163]: Mortgage holder attempted foreclosure of EPC's interest in certain real property held by virtue of a recorded settlement agreement against the property owner U.S.H. & B. EPC consented to foreclosure as long as our rights to proceeds were protected. U.S.H.&B. filed Chapter 11 Bankruptcy. A plan providing for appropriate resolution has been filed with the Court but various creditors have filed a challenge. EPC staff have been called for depositions between the parties and for testimony before the court. The property is currently in compliance with all regulations and a Consent Order is pending to close the case. (RT)

672 Recovery, Inc. [LREC97-155]: EPC provided authority in March 1999 to compel compliance with EPC rules requiring a Director's Authorization for operation of a wood waste processing facility. 672 Recovery, Inc. recently sold the operation and no longer operates the facility. The current owner is operating the facility in compliance with a permit issued by DEP. EPC is still seeking to recover penalties and costs from 672 Recovery, Inc. and staff is reviewing the file to determine the proper amounts. Opposing counsel has been contacted and has agreed to review the citation regarding the EPC's request for costs and penalties. (AZ)

FDOT & Cone Constructors, Inc. [LCONB99-007]: (See related case under Administrative Cases) Authority granted in March 1999 to take appropriate legal action to enforce the agency's nuisance prohibition and Noise Rule violated during the construction of the Suncoast Parkway. On September 14, 2000, Mr. Cone signed a Settlement Letter to resolve this case. In addition to prohibiting Mr. Cone from conducting night time operation of heavy duty rock hauling, the Settlement Letter provided for payment of \$1,074.00 as reimbursement for costs and expenses associated with the investigation and resolution of this matter. To date, Mr. Cone has not paid the agreed upon amount. Options for collection of the agreed upon amount are being investigated. (KKB)

Quasem J. v. EPC, et al. [LQAS98-161]: In foreclosing a mortgage on a UST facility, Plaintiff named EPC as a Defendant because of our recorded judgment against the former owner/operator, a relative of the current Plaintiff (EPC case against Emad Qasem). EPC has asserted the priority of our judgment lien. Defendant, property owner HJEM, Inc., filed a motion for summary judgment asserting the Plaintiff's mortgage was entered into fraudulently and that it has priority over all lien holders. EPC responded by asserting the priority of its judgment over the Defendant, HJEM, Inc.'s ownership of the property as the property was sold to HJEM, Inc. subject to EPC's judgment. Hearing on the summary judgment was postponed pending an amended motion for summary judgment. Depositions were scheduled in the case for September 18, 2000. (AZ)

Georgia Maynard [LMAYZ99-003]: Authority to take appropriate action against Ms. Maynard as owner and operator of an underground storage tank facility was granted August 1999. A prior Consent Order required certain actions be taken to bring the facility into compliance including the proper closure of out-of-compliance tank systems. The requirements of the agreement have not been meet. Respondent has asserted willingness to comply but financial inability. Complaint is being drafted. A pre-litigation letter was sent to Respondent advising of pending action. An attorney representing Ms. Maynard responded by suggesting the matter could be resolved without litigation. The attorney has since provided EPC staff with several estimates for the work in anticipation of settling the matter. (AZ)

Tampa Scrap Processors, Inc. [LTPA98-157]: Authority granted in August of 1998 to proceed against all responsible parties for violations relating to the management of solid waste, used oil and hazardous waste and to compel a site assessment and a report of the findings. A meeting with the property owner before suit was filed produced a Consent Order signed October 19, 1998. Tampa Scrap failed to comply with the terms of the Consent Order. The Tampa Port Authority is willing to perform the requirements of the settlement. EPC filed suit against Tampa Scrap to protect our rights to legal enforcement of the specific terms of the Consent Order. Tampa Export, a presumed successor entity to Tampa Scrap, has filed for bankruptcy protection. EPC staff will be witnesses in the hearing on Tampa Port Authority's motion to evict Tampa Export and obtain correction. (RT)

<u>Integrated Health Services</u> [LIHSF00-005]: IHS, a Delaware corporation, filed for bankruptcy and noticed EPC as a potential creditor. IHS is a holding company that acquired a local nursing home, which operation includes a domestic wastewater treatment plant that is not in compliance. The Debtor filed a motion requesting that utility companies be required to continue service to the Debtors so that their residents can continue without relocation. (RT)

Manhattan Oil, William Chiles [LMAN00-006]: EPC's Citation for violation of the abandoned underground storage tank regulations was appealed and then settled in a negotiated Consent Order. However, the conditions of the Consent Order have not been implemented and the site remains out of compliance. The Commission granted authority on June 15, 2000 to commence appropriate legal action. A pre-litigation letter has been sent and a Complaint is being drafted. The owner resides in Massachusetts and the EPC is preparing to serve the complaint out of state. The property owner has obtained bids for removal of the underground storage tanks and resolving all non-compliance issues. (AZ)

Larry G. Mathis (Shady Shores MHP) [LSHAZ00-012]: EPC requested and received authority to file a lawsuit against the Defendant for multiple violations regarding the unpermitted operation of a wastewater treatment plant at the Shady Shores Mobile Home Park. The owner has been operating the plant since April without the necessary state delegated wastewater permit. The lawsuit was served on the defendant on September 11, 2000. The Defendant had twenty days in which to respond. The parties have resolved most technical issues regarding the violations. The Defendant has been provided an additional 10 days in which to respond to the lawsuit. (AZ)

Bodden Asphalt Products, Inc. and Rupert Bodden [LBODZ00-013]: Authority to take appropriate action against Mr. Bodden as owner and operator of an asphalt shingle recycling facility that is a potential source of air pollution was granted, August 17, 2000. Mr. Bodden entered into a Consent Order with the EPC last year and is in default of payments agreed to in the consent order. In addition, Mr. Bodden has operated the air pollution source without a required EPC permit. The parties are currently in negotiations for resolving past violations and obtaining the proper permits for continued operation of the facility. Mr. Bodden has provided payment for the penalties and has agreed to submit a permit application to continue operations at the facility. (AZ)

#### RESOLVED CASES [0]

#### **COMMISSION**

PAT FRANK CHRIS HART JIM NORMAN JAN PLATT THOMAS SCOTT RONDA STORMS BEN WACKSMAN

### EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR RICHARD D. GARRITY, Ph.D.



ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES, LEGAL & WATER MANAGEMENT DIVISION 1900 - 9TH AVENUE TAMPA, FLORIDA 33605 TELEPHONE (813) 272-5960 FAX (813) 272-5157

AIR MANAGEMENT DIVISION TELEPHONE (813) 272-5530

WASTE MANAGEMENT DIVISION TELEPHONE (813) 272-5788

WETLANDS MANAGEMENT DIVISION TELEPHONE (813) 272-7104

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION COMMISSION OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY POLLUTION RECOVERY TRUST FUND AS OF OCTOBER 11, 2000

Fund Balance as of Interest Accrued Deposits Disbursements	10/01/99 FY00 FY00 FY00	\$1,024,661 64,379 266,367 230,481
Fund Balance	1100	\$1,124,926

Encumbrance	ces Aga	inst E	<b>Fund</b>	Balance:
(57a)	Cypress	Head	Swar	מו

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(57a)	Cypress Head Swamp	8,967
(14)	Wetland Surveys	1,781
	Seagrass Study/Sheriff	27,500
	Art. Reef FY00	7,793
(53)	Clayton Lake	6,007
(54)	Mosi Restoration	963
(56)	Oakview Utilities	74,925
(55)	Riverview Civic Center	39,525
(61)	Thalassea Study	13,245
(63)	McKay Bay	15,000
(64)	Hughes Hard Chrome	3,373
(66)	Asbestos Abatement	5,000
(72)	Brooker Creek	1,266
(75)	Adopt A Pond	50,000
(78)	River Crest Restoration	15,000
(79)	Epps Park Restoration	10,000
(68)	Lutz Nature Park	8,435
(73)	Balm Road Scrub	300,000
(81)	Tampa Baywatch	12,870
(82)	Hill. Co. Env. Network	8
	Waste Reduction/Tampa	98,657
	Upper Tampa Bay Trail	77,300
	Charlie Walker Cons. Cen	•
	Cockroach Bay Turtle	59,920

Total of Encumbrances		
Minimum Balance	100,000	
Fund Balance Available October 11, 2000	\$181,391	

#### **COMMISSION**

PAT FRANK
CHRIS HART
JIM NORMAN
JAN PLATT
THOMAS SCOTT
RONDA STORMS
BEN WACKSMAN





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WETLANDS MANAGEMENT DIVISION TELEPHONE (813) 272-7104

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION COMMISSION OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY ANALYSIS OF GARDINIER SETTLEMENT TRUST FUND AS OF OCTOBER 11, 2000

Fund Balance as of 10/01/99	\$1,579,471
Interest Accrued FY00	88,253
Disbursements FY00	22,739
Fund Balance	\$1,644,985

#### Encumbrances Against Fund Balance:

d Balance Available October 11,	\$ 525,158	
Total of Encumbrances	\$1,119,827	
Mechanical Seagrass Planting	50,000	
Fantasy Island Restoration	50,000	
Apollo Beachhabitat Restoration		
Davis Tract	177,261	
Port Redwing	300,000	
Oakview Utilities	50,000	
Audubon Society Riverview CC	50,000	
Ballast Point Seawall Phase II	25,000	
Alafia River/Wolf Branch	300,000	
Cockroach Bay Exotic Con. (HCC)	8,618	
Alafia River, Add.(SWIM/DEP)	8,948	

#### EPC STAFF WHITE PAPER

Note: An EPC staff White Paper, such as this one, is prepared to give EPC upper management the staff's point of view on a given technical topic.

Date:

October 4, 2000

From:

Chuck Heintz and Gordon Leslie

Question:

Is there a standard approach to sinkhole stabilization?

After some brief discussion, we agreed that a survey of some appropriate agencies and organizations via e-mail was the best, and most time-efficient way of finding out if there are standardized engineering methods to stabilize sinkholes. We both agreed that, being professional geologists, we do not have the geotechnical engineering education or credentials to make a professional statement ourselves on this matter.

We have polled nine organizations that we believed could provide us with useful information and, to date, responses have been received from four of them (see Attachment): 1. the University of Florida (UF) Civil Engineering Department, 2. the Florida Geological Survey (FGS), 3. the University of Central Florida (UCF) Civil and Environmental Engineering Department, and 4. the Southwest Florida Water Management District (SWFWMD). We will continue to monitor the five non-responding organizations in an attempt to obtain better coverage of the issue. Those organizations we are awaiting response from are: Florida State University's Department of Civil Engineering, the Florida Board of Professional Engineers, the Florida Engineering Society, and the Florida Department of Insurance.

The four responses that we have received so far are summarized as follows:

Dr. Frank Townsend of the University of Florida Civil Engineering Department stated that their department does not have any standard method to stabilize sinkholes. However, he went on to state that grouting is most commonly used. Note: Grouting is a process whereby a cement material is injected into a sinkhole feature to fill a void, thereby attempting to prevent further collapse.

Mr. Frank Rupert of the Florida Geological Survey (FGS) stated that his agency does not know of any standard repair methods, either. Since people with a geotechnical engineering background typically handle these matters, this response from a non-engineering organization, such as the FGS, is to be expected. Mr. Rupert went on to state that the FGS is not aware of any codes covering sinkhole stabilization. He stated that the repair methods that the FGS has witnessed have been designed on a case- by- case basis.

Dr. Shiou-san Kuo of the University of Central Florida Civil and Environmental Engineering Department stated that their department does "not have any standardized method for the (sic) sinkhole stabilization."

Page 2 EPC White Paper on Sinkhole Stabilization October 4, 2000

Mr. Tony Gilboy of the Southwest Florida Water Management District (SWFWMD) said that his organization does not have any codes for sinkhole stabilization. Mr. Gilboy also said that the SWFWMD might get involved with remediating sinkholes when they develop in stormwater ponds that are regulated by the SWFWMD. He went on to say that he does not remember seeing any standards for sinkhole stabilization in the Year 2000 version of the American Society for Testing Materials (ASTM) guidelines. Mr. Gilboy concluded by saying that, due to the variability of sinkhole formation, remediation methods are used on a case-by-case basis.

In conclusion, these four responses are expected to be representative of those from the other organizations that we polled, but have not yet heard from. Based on our informal poll, it appears that the geotechnical engineer brought in for the project will use professional judgement to determine the most appropriate sinkhole stabilization method on a case-by-case basis.

We hope that you will find this information to be helpful in addressing and finalizing this matter.

Attachment: Responses that we have received to Date

# Univ. of Florida

#### Gordon Leslie

From:

Chuck Heintz <heintz@epcjanus.epchc.org>

To:

Richard D. Garrity <garrityr@epcjanus.epchc.org>; Gordon Leslie <leslie@epcjanus.epchc.org> Wednesday, September 27, 2000 1:28 PM

Sent:

Subject: Fw: FW: Standardized Engineering Methods for Sinkhole Stabilization

Rick and Gordon:

This is the first response to EPC staff's poll.

Chuck Heintz

----Original Message----

From: Dr. Frank Townsend <ftown@ce.ufl.edu>

To: heintz@epcjanus.epchc.org <heintz@epcjanus.epchc.org>

Date: Wednesday, September 27, 2000 8:18 AM

Subject: Re: FW: Standardized Engineering Methods for Sinkhole Stabilization

From:

"Marc Hoit" <mhoit@ce.ufl.edu>

To:

"Geotech" <geotech@ce.ufl.edu>

Subject:

FW: Standardized Engineering Methods for Sinkhole

Stabilization

Date sent:

Tue, 26 Sep 2000 21:46:22 -0400

HI Chuck

The UF CE department to the best of my knowledge does not have any standard remediation method. However, I do know that grouting is most commonly used.

**FCT** 

Faculty - Please respond Marc

----Original Message----

From: Chuck Heintz [mailto:heintz@epcjanus.epchc.org]

Sent: Tuesday, September 26, 2000 4:24 PM

To: webmaster@ce.ufl.edu

Cc: Richard D. Garrity; Hooshang Boostani; Michael McKelvey; Paul A.

Schipfer; Gordon Leslie

Subject: Standardized Engineering Methods for Sinkhole Stabilization

Per the request of management, Environmental Protection Commission (EPC) of Hillsborough County staff is querying various agencies, institutions, and organizations concerning the engineering methods for sinkhole stabilization. Does the University of Florida (UF) Civil Engineering Department recognize any standardized engineering methods for stabilizing sinkholes?

Any information that your department can provide regarding this question is greatly appreciated. Thank you.

## F GS

#### Gordon Leslie

From:

Chuck Heintz <heintz@epcjanus.epchc.org>

To:

Richard D. Garrity <garrityr@epcjanus.epchc.org>; Gordon Leslie <leslie@epcjanus.epchc.org> Wednesday, September 27, 2000 1:33 PM

Sent:

Subject:

Fw: Standardized Engineering Methods for Sinkhole Stabilization -reply

Rick and Gordon:

This is the second response to EPC staff's poll.

Chuck Heintz

----Original Message----

From: Frank Rupert TAL 850/488-9380 < Frank.Rupert@dep.state.fl.us>

To: Chuck Heintz < heintz@epcjanus.epchc.org> Date: Wednesday, September 27, 2000 9:12 AM

Subject: Re: Standardized Engineering Methods for Sinkhole

Stabilization -reply

#### >Mr. Heintz:

> The FGS typically does not get involved at all with sinkhole repair.

>We have on occasion suggested repair methods to individuals who have small >sinkholes on their properties, and these suggestions are based on observing >what simple solutions have worked in the past for other people with similar >size holes. Our interest in sinkholes is primarily geological in nature. >Currently the bulk of our work on the subject involves maintaining and

>the statewide sinkhole database which we inherited from the Florida

>Research Institute after it lost its funding. We don't have the staff to

>much more than that.

> Regarding standardized methods for repair, an engineering firm who has >actually performed sinkhole repair work, or possibly insurance companies

>have solicited such repair, might be better able to advise you on any

>standards. As I am sure you've discovered, there is at least one firm on

>internet advertising their concrete pumping services for repairing sinkholes.

>We personally do not know of any standard repair methods as such, nor any

>codes covering sinkhole stabilization. Repair methods that we have witnessed

>have been designed on a case by case basis.

> Good luck with your project. If we can be of further assistance to >you, please feel free to call on us.

>Frank Rupert

>Florida Geological Survey

>903 West Tennessee Street

>Tallahassee, FL 32304

# UCF

#### Gordon Leslie

From:

Chuck Heintz <a href="mailto:heintz@epcjanus.epchc.org">heintz@epcjanus.epchc.org</a>

To: Sent: Gordon Leslie <leslie@epcjanus.epchc.org> Monday, October 02, 2000 4:53 PM

Subject:

Fw: Standardized Engineering Methods for SinkholeStabilization

Gordon:

This is the third response to our poll. I'll add it to our draft memo.

Chuck

----Original Message----

From: Shiou-san Kuo <kuo@mail.ucf.edu>

To: heintz@epcjanus.epchc.org <heintz@epcjanus.epchc.org>

Date: Friday, September 29, 2000 11:55 AM

Subject: Re: Standardized Engineering Methods for SinkholeStabilization

>>> "Chuck Heintz" < heintz@epcjanus.epchc.org > 09/27/00 07:47 AM >>> Dr. Chopra and Dr. Kuo:

Per the request of management, Environmental Protection Commission (EPC) of Hillsborough County staff is querying various agencies, institutions, and organizations concerning the engineering methods for sinkhole stabilization. Does the University of Central Florida (UCF) Civil and Environmental Engineering Department recognize any standardized engineering methods for stabilizing sinkholes?

Any information that your department can provide regarding this question is greatly appreciated. Thank you.

Chuck Heintz

Chuck:

Sorry we at the University do not have any standardized method for the sinkhole stabilization.

Dr. Kuo, Professor

response



#### Gordon Leslie

From:

Chuck Heintz <heintz@epcjanus.epchc.org>

To: Sent: Gordon Leslie <leslie@epcjanus.epchc.org> Tuesday, October 03, 2000 10:21 AM

Subject:

Engineering Sinkhole Stabilization: Response from the SWFWMD

#### Gordon:

Tony Gilboy of the Southwest Florida Water Management District (SWFWMD) Technical Services Section (SUNCOM # 628-4150 ext. 4305) returned my telephone message. He stated that the SWFWMD does not have any codes for sinkhole stabilization. He said, however, that, under the SWFWMD's surface water permitting program, that the SWFWMD may require the remediation of sinkholes when they develop or have the potential to develop in stormwater retention ponds. He said that he is not aware of any legislative statute directing governments to investigate or remediate sinkholes. He said that he does not recall seeing any standards for sinkhole stabilization in copies of the Year 2000 version of the ASTM guidelines. Mr. Gilboy stated that, due to the variability of sinkhole formation, different sinkhole remediation methods are used on a case-by-case basis.

I'll add this information to our draft memo.

Chuck